

E Pluribus Unum Unit Module (Single Voice: Identity)

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The comparison of multiple texts can reveal the societal influences and cultural experiences of the author.

In this unit, students explore works by a single author. There is an extended anchor text for the unit with students also studying shorter texts from the same author to explore how an author develops the same themes and concepts in a body of his/her work. While this unit could work with any number of authors, the necessary element is that teachers build a body of multiple texts produced by the same author. The texts should reveal cultural and societal influences on the author and evidence of those influences in the literary works. For that reason, it may be useful for teachers to include author interviews, autobiographies, or essays so students can hear first-hand from the author about those societal or cultural influences. In this text is defined as any media, print or non-print, used to communicate an idea, emotion or information.

Students will write a personal narrative to illustrate and explain how societal influences and cultural experiences come together to shape one's identity. By studying works by and about Sandra Cisneros, for example, students will understand how authors' lives are shaped by these external influences and, in turn, how their characters' lives reflect those influences and experiences. In their own writing, students may reveal how the interactions or tensions between societal influences and cultural (or familial) experiences sometimes are in conflict with each other.

This is a 5-7 week module based upon Unit 4 of the 10th Grade Instructional Unit Sample written by Nate Brush, Roxanne Henderson, and Tara Henderson (Bayfield 10jt-R). The Sample Unit may be found here (scroll down to 10th Grade): http://www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction/instructionalunits-rwc

GRADES

DISCIPLINE

COURSE

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Section 1: What Task?

Teaching Task

Task Template 29 - Narrative

How do authors reveal (and use) the societal influences and their cultural experiences in their writing as they "come of age" in the world? After reading various texts by Sandra Cisneros about the societal influences and cultural experiences that influenced her writing and that shaped her characters' identities in her stories (The House on Mango Street and others), write a personal narrative for Teen Ink magazine in which you relate the societal influences around you and your own cultural experiences that have shaped your sense of self and identity.



Use some of Cisneros' techniques to develop your work.

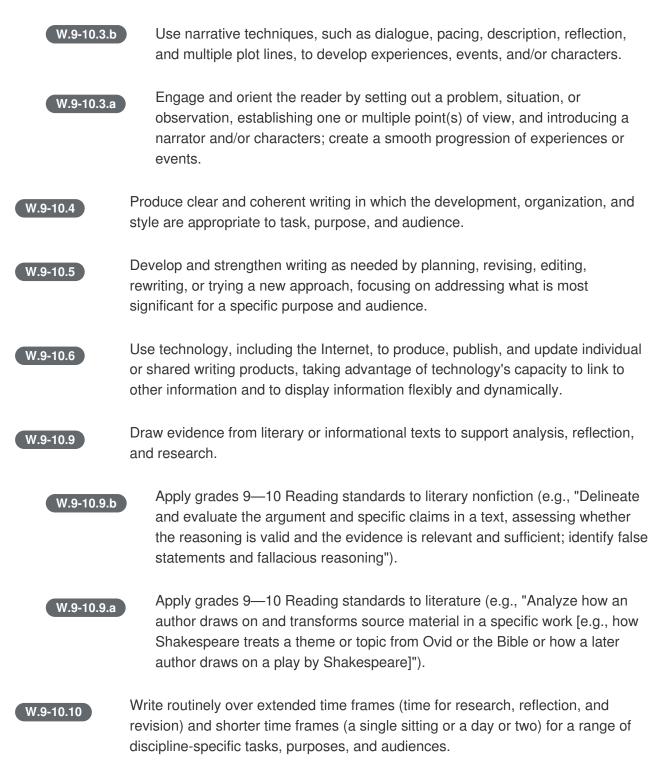
Common Core State Standards

Reading Standards for Literature

RL.9-10.1	Cite strong and thorough textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
RL.9-10.2	Determine a theme or central idea of a text and analyze in detail its development over the course of the text, including how it emerges and is shaped and refined by specific details; provide an objective summary of the text.
RL.9-10.4	Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in the text, including figurative and connotative meanings; analyze the cumulative impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone (e.g., how the language evokes a sense of time and place; how it sets a formal or informal tone).
RL.9-10.5	Analyze how an author's choices concerning how to structure a text, order events within it (e.g., parallel plots), and manipulate time (e.g., pacing, flashbacks) create such effects as mystery, tension, or surprise.
RL.9-10.6	Analyze a particular point of view or cultural experience reflected in a work of literature from outside the United States, drawing on a wide reading of world literature.
RL.9-10.10	By the end of grade 9, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, in the grades 9—10 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.
	By the end of grade 10, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poems, at the high end of the grades 9—10 text complexity band independently and proficiently.
Writing Standar	rds
W.9-10.3	Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.
W.9-10.3.e	Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.
W.9-10.3.d	Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.

W.9-10.3.c Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole.

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Additional Standards

Colorado Colorado Academic Standards for Reading, Writing and Communicating Generalize about universal themes, cultural or historical perspectives from multiple texts Explain the relationship between author's style and literary effect CO Analyze how literary components affect meaning CO Write literary and narrative texts using a range of stylistic devices (poetic techniques, figurative language, imagery, graphic elements) to support the presentation of implicit or explicit theme Enhance the expression of voice, tone, and mood in a text by selecting and using vivid and precise diction, syntax, and punctuation Revise texts using feedback to enhance the effect on the reader and clarify the CO presentation of implicit or explicit theme

Texts



% Sandra Cisneros' "You Bring Out the Mexican in Me"

LDC Student Work Rubric - Narrative

	Not Yet	Approaches Expectations	Meets Expectations	Advanced
	1	2	3	4
Focus	Attempts to address prompt, but lacks focus or is off-task.	Addresses prompt appropriately and establishes a position, but focus is uneven. D. Addresses additional demands superficially.	Addresses prompt appropriately and maintains a clear, steady focus. Provides a generally convincing position. D: Addresses additional demands sufficiently	Addresses all aspects of prompt appropriately with a consistently strong focus and convincing position. D: Addresses additional demands with thoroughness and makes a connection to claim.
Controlling Idea	Attempts to establish a theme or storyline, but lacks a clear or sustained purpose.	Establishes a theme or storyline, but purpose is weak, with some lapses in coherence.	Establishes a theme or storyline, with a well- developed purpose carried through the narrative.	Establishes a compelling theme or storyline, with a well developed purpose carried through the narrative through skillful use of narrative techniques.
Reading/Research	Directly restates information from reading materials, interviews, and/or visual materials; uses materials inaccurately, OR information from source materials is irrelevant for the purpose at hand.	Uses reading materials, interviews, and/or visual materials with minor lapses in cohesion, accuracy or relevance.	Accurately integrates reading material, interviews, and/or visual material to authenticate the narrative.	Accurately and seamlessly integrates reading material, interviews, and/or visual material to authenticate the narrative.
Development	Descriptions of experiences, individuals, and/or events are overly simplified or lack details.	Develops experiences, individuals, and/or events with some detail but sense of time, place, or character remains at the surface level.	Develops experiences, individuals, and/or events with sufficient detail to add depth and complexity to the sense of time, place, or character.	Elaborates on experiences, individuals, and/or events with comprehensive detail to add depth and complexity to the sense of time, place, or character.
Organization	Attempts to use a narrative structure; composition is disconnected or rambling.	Applies a narrative structure (chronological or descriptive), with some lapses in coherence or awkward use of the organizational structure.	Applies a narrative structure (chronological or descriptive) appropriate to the purpose, task, and audience; storyline clearly conveys the theme or purpose.	Applies a complex narrative structure (chronological or descriptive) appropriate to the purpose, task and audience that enhances communication of theme or purpose and keeps the reader engaged.
Conventions	Lacks control of grammar, usage, and mechanics; little or ineffective use of transitions.	Demonstrates an uneven command of standard English; inconsistently uses transitions between sentences and paragraphs to connect ideas.	Demonstrates a command of standard English conventions with few errors; consistently uses transitions between sentences and paragraphs to connect ideas. Provides bibliography or works consulted when prompted.	Demonstrates a well- developed command of standard English conventions; effectively uses transitions between sentences and paragraphs to connect ideas. Provides bibliography or works consulted when prompted.
Content Understanding	Attempts to include disciplinary content, but understanding of content is weak; content is irrelevant, inappropriate, or inaccurate.	Briefly notes disciplinary content relevant to the prompt; shows basic or uneven understanding of content; minor errors in explanations.	Accurately presents disciplinary content relevant to the prompt with sufficient explanations that demonstrate understanding.	Integrates relevant and accurate disciplinary content with thorough explanations that demonstrate in-depth understanding.

Background for Students

This 4-6 week unit focuses on how cultural experiences, societal influences, and adversity impact individuals in those cultures. Through collaborative inquiry and sharing thoughts and opinions, you will examine diverse texts by a single author that explore the concept of "identity" in those cultures. You will demonstrate your understanding of how cultural and societal influences shape and define your identity by writing your own narrative piece.

Extension

Students will create an interview between Sandra Cisneros and one of the characters from her works during the last mini-task of the reading process.

Section 2: What Skills?

Preparing for the Task

BUILDING BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE AUTHOR OF FOCUS: Investigating an author's background can reveal the societal influences and cultural experiences of the author. TASK AND RUBRIC ANALYSIS > TASK ANALYSIS: Ability to understand and explain the task's prompt.

Reading Process

ACTIVE READING > ANNOTATION: Ability to utilize effective note taking skills, in order to access the complex concepts of societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft.

BRIDGING CONVERSATION > **DISCUSSION**: Ability to analyze the key concepts in texts in a collaborative group discussion.

POST-READING > **ENHANCING COMPREHENSION**: Ability to compare students' own guiding cultural beliefs to those of characters in the text.

POST-READING > ENHANCING COMPREHENSION: Ability to analyze written work based on author's craft.

ACTIVE READING > QUESTIONING: Ability to question and collaboratively discuss text using textual evidence to support opinions

EXTENSION > AUTHOR INTERVIEW: Ability to understand key concepts from others' point of view.

Transition to Writing

SPEAKING AND ACTIVE LISTENING > **SEMINAR**: Ability to discuss the key concepts of writing in a large group discussion.

RECONSIDERING THE PROMPT: Ability to return to the prompt and recollect notes and ideas in order to move from the reading process to the writing process.

Writing Process

PLANNING > PLANNING THE WRITING: Ability to develop a line of thought and text structure appropriate to a narrative task.

WRITING DEVELOPMENT > **FIRST LINES**: Ability to create a starting point for student's personal narrative

REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > REVISION: Ability to refine text, including line of thought, language usage, and tone as appropriate to audience and purpose.

REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > EDITING: Ability to proofread and format a piece to make it more effective.

REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > FINAL DRAFT: Ability to submit final piece that meets expectations.

Section 3: What Instruction?

PACING SKILL AND DEFINITION PRODUCT AND PROMPT

SCORING GUIDE

INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES

Prepar	ing for the Task			
50 mins	BUILDING BACKGROUND KNOWLEDGE ABOUT THE AUTHOR OF FOCUS: Investigating an author's background can reveal the societal influences and cultural experiences of the author.	3-2-1 EXIT SLIP Students will identify three things learned about Sandra Cisneros, two societal influences or cultural facts you see, one question you would pose about Cisernos's culture, influences, or writing.	3-2-1 notes	 Divide students into groups to explore the following texts, video clips, or websites: Cisneros' "Only Daughter" Cisneros on "Aspirations" Cisneros on "Beauty" Article on her house in San Antonio Cisernos in "Texas Monthly" Biography on Cisneros Annenberg Learner site "Like the Strands of the Rebozo" Using the 3-2-1 notes at the bottom of the Cornell Note Taking sheet, students will fill out the sections for what they read about Sandra Cisneros and her life. Students share out what they found from their source in a think/pair/share with someone from a different group before submitting their 3-2-1 notes.
	% Cisernos' "Only Daug % Cisneros on "Aspirat % Cisneros on "Beauty % Article on her house % Cisneros in "Texas M % Biography on Cisner % Annenberg Learner s % 'Like the Strands of a % Cornell Notes with 3-	ions" " in San Antonio Ionthly" os site for Cisneros a Rebozo": Sandra Cisneros	s, "Caramelo," and Chica	no Identity
15 mins	TASK AND RUBRIC ANALYSIS > TASK ANALYSIS: Ability to understand and explain the task's prompt.	MAKING SENSE OF ESSENTIAL QUESTIONS PRODUCT: Bell Ringer/Quick Write PROMPT: Read the Essential Question and complete a quick write response regarding the prompt EQ: How do the tensions adolescents experience shape the person they are becoming?	Product meets expectation if students write initial ideas to the prompt and engage in the sharing/listening of their ideas with a partner or small group.	 <i>The Set Up:</i> Teacher projects the essential question either through PowerPoint or a Document Camera. <i>Lesson:</i> 1. The teacher has the EQ posted. 2. Students will engage in a quick write for ten minutes in their response journals. 3. When time is finished (or teacher sees students are finished), students share with a partner and debrief ideas as a class. Adapted from Hudson Valley Writing Project @ SUNY New Paltz

ACING	SKILL AND DEFINITION Additional Attachments:	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
	Essential Questions	Student Handout		
i0 mins	TASK AND RUBRIC ANALYSIS > TASK ANALYSIS: Ability to understand and explain the task's prompt.	ANNOTATED TEACHING TASK (A) Annotate the teaching task by (1) underlining what you think the most important words and phrases are; (2) circling the words you do not know; (3) writing questions about the task below. (B) Trade with a partner and try to (1) define all key words/phrases identified; (2) answer all questions posed.	 Key words/phrases of the teaching task are identified. Key words/phrases are properly defined. Questions about the teaching task are properly answered and written down. 	 Give students the teaching task. Students work individually to respond to this minitask's Prompt A. Students trade with a partner and respond to Prompt B. Return to Whole Class for Discussion Ask students to raise their hands if they have words/phrases they could not define. Ask rest of class to pose definitions/answers. Teacher models definitions/answers for ones unanswered by class. Teacher defines three key terms for the module: societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft. This activity could be extended by creating a concept map for each term. Literary Craft terms to define include: figurative language (specifically, simile, metaphor, and imagery), allusion, sentence structure, and vignette.
Deedi	LDC_Ar	ask_MiniTask_Handout.doc:		
		"LDO" CORNELL	Participation	Taashar madala Carnall nata taking (two column
0 mins	ACTIVE READING > ANNOTATION: Ability to utilize effective note taking skills, in order to access the complex concepts of societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft.	"I DO" CORNELL NOTE-TAKING TEACHER MODELING Students will complete Cornell notes for the text with direct teacher modeling. They will include textual references demonstrating that they comprehend and identify the societal influence,	Participation	 Teacher models Cornell note taking (two column notes) using a Document Camera or SmartBoard: Three big ideas societal influences, cultural experinces, and author's craft on the left side paper Read aloud with/to your students "You Bring out the Mexican in Me" by Sandra Cisneros and as you are reading, fill in the right side of the paper with experiences, supporting evidence, vocabulary, impressions or interactions with the

Literacy Design Collaborative

the text.

cultural experience, and

author's craft expressed in

• In their notebooks, students complete a copy of

the Cornell Notes or teacher provides a handout

text, etc.

for the notes.

PACING		PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
	Additional Attachments: % "You Bring out the M % PD resources: Close % Guided Note Taking S % Exit Ticket % Double Entry Journa	Reading Strategies		
50 mins	ACTIVE READING > ANNOTATION: Ability to utilize effective note taking skills, in order to access the complex concepts of societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft.	"WE DO" CORNELL NOTES SMALL GROUPS Students will complete Cornell notes for the text in small groups. They will include textual references demonstrating that they comprehend the societal influence, cultural experiences, and author's craft expressed in the text.	Through a collaborative discuss with their peers, students are able to identify at least two or three accurate or significant examples. Students can justify and explain the examples they pulled out.	 Students will be placed in groups of three and assigned either societal influences, cultural experiences, or author's craft. In their small groups, they will complete Cornell two-column notes for the text "Salvador Late or Early." Three big ideas societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft on the left side of paper As students are reading, fill in the right side of the paper with experiences, supporting evidence, vocabulary, impressions or interactions with the text, etc. Once they have completed their notes, students get into groups of three, one from each of the three presented groups, and share out what they found or their topic from the text. As their fellow classmates are presenting, they should complete their Cornell Notes on the societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft of "Salvador Late or Early" from the previous work and presentations of their classmates.
	Additional Attachments: % PD Resource: Close % Salvador Late or Earl % Salvador Late or Earl % Note-Taking Tips for % Exit Ticket % Double Entry Journa	ly ly Students		
50 mins	ACTIVE READING > ANNOTATION: Ability to utilize effective note taking skills, in order to access the complex concepts of societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft.	"YOU DO" CORNELL NOTES INDIVIDUAL Students will complete Cornell notes for the text independently. They will include textual references demonstrating that they comprehend and identify the societal influence, cultural experience, and author's craft expressed in the text.	Students are able to independently identify at least two or three accurate or significant examples. Students can justify and explain the examples they pulled out.	 Students individually create Cornell notes (two column notes): Three big ideas societal influences, cultural experiences, and author's craft on the left side of paper Students will individually read "Eleven" by Sandr Cisneros. As they are reading, they will fill in the right side of the paper with experiences, supporting evidence, vocabulary, impressions or interactions with the text, etc.

Aointo	SKILL AND DEI IMITION	I PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES		
	Additional Attachments:					
	% "Eleven" by Sandra	Cisneros				
	So Cisneros reading "E					
	✤ Exit Ticket					
	Solution Double Entry Journa	als				
1 hr and 30 mins	BRIDGING CONVERSATION > DISCUSSION: Ability to analyze the key	LITERARY DISCUSSION AND MIND-MAPPING Students will collaborate using textual evidence and	Students will include key details in the visual demonstrating connections between	Over two class periods: Socratic Seminar:		
	concepts in texts in a collaborative group discussion.	citations to compare and contrast cultural experiences, societal influences, and theme of	texts.	 Using Socratic seminar, students can discuss the cultural experiences, societal influences, and the theme of identity in the texts they have read so far. 		
		identity in the texts.		Collaborative Discussion:		
		Students will then create a mind-map or visual representation.		• Based upon the Socratic seminar discussion, work in small groups to synthesize the thinking heard in the seminar and draw conclusions.		
				Mind-Mapping/ Non-Linguistic Representations:		
				• Students will individually create a non-linguistic representation or mindmap synthesizing the information and connections he/she made between texts in regards to theme, cultural experiences, and societal influences.		
	Additional Attachments:					
	% Edutopia Source for Collaboration					
	% Seven Norms of Collaboration					
	So Norms of Collaboration with Rubrics					
	% Paideia					
	% Socratic Seminar explanation from readwritethink					
	% Page 16 for Collaborative Writing					
	% Peer/self-evaluation for Socratic Seminar					
	S How to Make a Mind		hov			
		hic Organizers from NCTE In	NOX			
		resentations from McREL				
	% Non-Linguistic Representations from McREL					

 actualization of the second differences between a character from the text and yourself. Product B Produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the characters from the text. Product B produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs are based upon ideas from "The House on Marastreet" and assign each character to a corner room. Students will use the "corner strategy" move to a corner of the room to select a charastreet" on a corner of the room to select a charastreet or a corner corner up with at least three and locate a passis that supports each experience. Each corner shares out, then students return the seats. Once in their seats, students will create a Ven Diagram comparing their own experiences to the characters. The selected character can be one from this/the corner or a different one. Students will then get up and locate two peers have similar similarities and two peers with similarities and two peers have similar similarities and twith peers with similarities and two peers h	ACING SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
guiding beliefs do the characters hold? (Discu class) How do these relate to your guiding beliefs? Students will draft a short constructed response which they compare their own guiding beliefs	ENHANCING COMPREHENSION: Ability to compare students' own guiding cultural beliefs to those of characters in the text.	SHORT CONSTRUCTED RESPONSE Product A: Create a Venn Diagram of the similarities and differences between a character from the text and yourself. Product B Produce a paragraph with textual evidence comparing your own guiding cultural beliefs with those of the	Students will use accurate and appropriate textual evidence in both	 Pose the following questions: "What do you believe in?" "What traditions do you practice, and how do you feel about those traditions?" "What societal groups do you fit into and do you agree with this identity?" Ten minute quick write As a class, discuss what some of the guiding cultural beliefs are based upon ideas from the quick write. Teacher will select at least three characters from the texts such as Salvador, Rachel in "Eleven," Esperanza or Darius from "The House on Mango Street" and assign each character to a corner of the room. Students will use the "corner strategy" and move to a corner of the room to select a character. Once in the corners, students will create a list of the tensions of that character which reveal societal influences or cultural experiences. Each corner must come up with at least three and locate a passage that supports each experience. Each corner shares out, then students return to their seats. Once in their seats, students will create a Venn Diagram comparing their own experiences to one of the characters. The selected character can be the one from his/her corner or a different one. Students will then get up and locate two peers who have similar similarities and two peers with similar differences. The class will come together and share findings. Discuss any trends in similarities or differences. Using the experiences to guide interpretations, what guiding beliefs do the characters hold? (Discuss as a class) How do these relate to your guiding beliefs with those of the characters from the texts. Be sure to use

- % Guided Note Taking Strategies
- % Venn Diagram App

PACING	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
1 hr and 30 mins	POST-READING > ENHANCING COMPREHENSION: Ability to analyze written work based on author's craft.	A LOOK AT AN AUTHOR'S CRAFT Students will write a brief analysis exploring what a writer does (What are the author's craft moves?) to convey culture or cultural influences. How does being a member of a specific culture impact the author's portrayal of that culture? As a reader, what should we consider about that representation?	Product A: Cornell notes and brief decription focused on author's craft with at least one example from four craft elements. Product B: Narrative includes key narrative elements studied in class like characters and author's craft to take key details from a non-fiction text.	 Instruction will take two days: Students individually create Cornell notes (two column notes) on the craft elements vignette, allusion, simile, metaphor, imagery, and sentence stucture from Sandra Cisneros and write a brief description and analysis of what they found. Students may connect to a current societal situation where primary evidence given to the public is given from an "outsider's" perspective (Muslim view, women in Arab countries). Students take a news article they find about a cultural or societal issue and, using pieces of Sandra Cisneros' craft studied in class, rewrite the news article with some of the important information represented in a narrative genre using standard elements of that genre.
	Additional Attachments: % Paragraph Frames % ELL and Paragraph F % Expository Paragraph % Teacher Guided Note % PD Resource: close in	h Frames es/Prepared Notes		

PACING	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
0 mins	ACTIVE READING > QUESTIONING: Ability to question and collaboratively discuss text using textual evidence to support opinions	 PAIDEIA SEMINAR PRODUCT: Participation in discussion, Paideia/socratic seminar self analysis, and peer rubric. PROMPT A: Participate in the discussion by answering - In what ways do the characters maintain cultural beliefs, move away from original cultural beliefs in order "to fit in" to the dominant culture? Prompt B: Explain how your original argument was bolstered/reinforced by what you heard. How was your view changed/challenged by the discussion? (Element of Self-Analysis) 	 Produces self- analysis that evaluates his/her own thinking and participation in the discussion in regrads to discussion goals. Poses at least these questions/responses in discussion. Follows discussion protocol as evidenced by partner's scoring sheet and teacher observation. 	 Begin by discussing identity. Create a class definition. (What is identity? What do you identify with?) Provide students with Prompt A questions to brainstorm possible responses based upon the text. Set discussion norms with students (i.e. all participate, respectful push back with comments, use text to support positions, etc.) Each student will set a personal goal for his/her participation during the discussion. Create two groups of discussion participants: A Inner circle speakers, B) Outer circle observers. Inner circle speakers? roles: One speaker opens discussion with a prepared question Make eye contact with other participants Refer to text(s) Respond to another speaker Paraphrase and add to another speaker's ideas Add new or follow-up questions Outer circle observers' roles: Record opening question in seminar discussion Chart partner's participation (tally or check marks on rubric) Allow time for mid-point switch in roles so every student has an opportunity as both speaker and observer. At mid-point, observers should answer the followin reflection questions: What is the most interesting point your partner made? What would you like to have said during the discussion? How did I honor other participants during the discussion? Teacher begins discussion by asking students to locate a passage in one of the texts that demonstrates a cultural belief. Allow time to locate Each student shares with an initial go-around. The is a no-opt-out-rule, so every student shares even it is a repeat. Allow time for conversation. Question for the cultural belief? How did/does society resting the cultural belief

to his/her choice? How did this choice/experience

ING	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	impact hishist Relation and state and the states acter
				continue to identify with that culture or belief as a result? Why/why not?
				8. At the close of discussion, both speakers and observers should answer the following reflection question:
				How did the discussion affect my thinking? (See Prompt B)
				based upon the Mini-task authored by:
				Stuart Pepper Middle School / Meade County, Kentucky and Butler Traditional High School /Jefferson County, Kentucky]
				Specific common core state standards that this r task addresses include:
				SL.1—Initiate and participate effectively in a range of collaborative discussions.
				SL.2—Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media.
				SL.3—Evaluate a speaker's point of view, reasoning, and use of evidence and rhetoric.
				SL.4—Present information, findings, and support evidence such that listeners can follow the line o reasoning and the organization, development, ar style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
				RI.1/RL.1—Read closely to determine what the t says explicitly and to make logical inferences fro cite specific textual evidence when writing or speaking to support conclusions drawn from the

% Checklist, Observation Notes, Self-Assessments and Rubric

	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES			
50 mins	SPEAKING AND ACTIVE LISTENING > SEMINAR: Ability to discuss the key concepts of writing in a large group discussion.	GROUP DISCUSSION Students will write a brief reflection on the unit in which they cite how classmates' insights have changed their viewpoints, thoughts, perspectives on the works studied. How have the presentations impacted your understanding of the texts, concepts, etc?	Participation	 This Learning Experience serves as a transition from studying and analyzing texts to preparing students to write their narrative. The teacher may facilitate a collaborative discussion so that students can understand that different perspectives from the peers enriches their critique of characters and common themes dealing with cultural experiences, societal influences, and identity. Teacher may provide template for notes ("I thought This will inform my dialogue in this way" Teacher may assign partners so students have specific students to cite Students may quote classmates directly as in an interview about the texts 			
	Additional Attachments: Souble Entry Journal Two Column Notes						
15 mins	RECONSIDERING THE PROMPT : Ability to return to the prompt and recollect notes and	REVIEW THE PROMPT As students transition from the reading to the writing process, go over	Participation	Reconsidering the prompt and reestablish the key ideas for the product they are going to create.			
	ideas in order to move from the reading process to the writing process.	the prompt again allowing students to connect their previous learning to the writing prompt in preperation for the writing process.					

PLANNING THE WRITING: Ability to develop a line of thought and text structure appropriate to a narrative task. TO PLANDRAFT Students will use notecards to create a storyboard to begin to plan their narrative writing. (below) are complete. square/frame for the storyboard. This will allow students to manipulate structure as they plan the narrative. Each card will have an illustration on side with written description/key words/phrases the other side. a narrative task. Storyboard to begin to plan their narrative writing. Storyboard captures basic narrative elements such as characters, plot/structure, setting, and evidence of some of the card telements (figurative language, sentence structure, allusion). Students will create cards for the required piece but they may include additional frames. Conflict/tension or the driving force of the narrative) Conflict/tension or the driving force of the narrative) Setting (opportunity to begin consider in imagery; the power of physical setting) Conflict/tension or the driving force of the narrative) Teachers may prompt students to consider reac cards for different elements of craft. For examp where will students incorporate imagery or figur language? Where will students slow down time Where will they use allusion?	ING S	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
		PLANNING THE WRITING: Ability to develop a line of thought and text structure appropriate to	TO PLAN/DRAFT Students will use notecards to create a storyboard to begin to plan	(below) are complete. Storyboard captures basic narrative elements such as characters, plot/structure, setting, and evidence of some of the craft elements (figurative language, sentence structure,	 students to manipulate structure as they plan their narrative. Each card will have an illustration on one side with written description/key words/phrases on the other side. Students will create cards for the required pieces, but they may include additional frames. Required frames include: Characters (minimum of two) Setting (opportunity to begin considering imagery; the power of physical setting) Conflict/tension or the driving force of the narrative Climax (what is the turning point of their narrative) Resolution (if the conflict is resolved in this narrative) Teachers may prompt students to consider creating cards for different elements of craft. For example, where will students incorporate imagery or figurative language? Where will students slow down time? Teachers may prompt students to consider the sequence of events for their narrative and manipulate the cards to explore different elements
Additional Attachments:		Additional Attachments:			

50 mins		PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES		
	WRITING DEVELOPMENT > FIRST LINES: Ability to create a starting point for student's personal narrative	FIRST LINES FOR THE NARRATIVE Consider the conversation you just had about our essential question and the notes you've taken from all the readings and resources on this subject. Write the first sentence of your narrative using strong imagery, motifs, symbolism, or other forms of writing talked about during the Sandra Cisneros unit.	 First line is complete and contains strong controlling ideas and examples of craft. 	 Have students return to the writings by Sandra Cisneros and identity the first lines. Discuss in pairs what you notice about the first lines, what they have, what the writer uses: do they catch your attention? what elements of her craft do yo notice? Other things you notice? Students share out their "noticings." Invite pairs to share out what they have discovered and use their findings to create a list of "to-dos" for the first lines they write as well as a definition for "controlling idea." Students then work individually to write their firs lines. Teacher circulates to answer questions. Given the checklist students create, have them swap first lines and give each other feedback. Once students have their first lines, discuss the other important elements that will appear in their complete narrative. Character Development Narrative Elements 		
25 mins	% Character Development % Character Development % Character Development % Strategies for Narrative Elements % Narrative Lessons REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > REVISION: Ability to REVISION: Ability to					
	REVISION: Ability to refine text, including line of thought, language usage, and tone as appropriate to audience and purpose.	literary craft of Sandra Cisneros, and her use of figurative language (imagery, metaphor, and similes), allusions, sentence structure, and the vignette form. Now, it is your turn to model some of her techniques in your writing.	embedded on multiple occasions in the revised draft. For example:	Review the key elements of craft with students. Have students use the graphic organizer and notes they have taken regarding Cisneros' craft. Use the		
		the vignette form. Now, it is your turn to model some of her techniques in your	The structure of paragraphs represents that of vignettes with a snapshot approach to thoughts/ events.	as guides to model her technique in their writing.		
		the vignette form. Now, it is your turn to model some of her techniques in your	paragraphs represents that of vignettes with a snapshot approach to	as guides to model her technique in their writing. Students will revise by saving a new draft as a Wo		

PACING	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
25 mins	REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > REVISION: Ability to refine text, including line of thought, language usage, and tone as appropriate to audience and purpose.	REVISION FOR CONTENT Reread and revise your essay to ensure you have met the requirements of the prompt.	Changes and/or comments show the student has addressed all areas from the guiding questions.	Teacher begins by using a series of questions that are either projected or written on the board to guide the students' revision. Students will be doing revisions in Word or on Google Docs, so they can track changes. Students will need to save a new version for this revision if using Microsoft Word.
				Questions to guide revisions:
				Does the integrity of your original narrative remain?
				Is the tone/diction appropriate for the <i>Teen Ink</i> readers? (Review tone and diction)
				Have you related the societal influences around you and your own cultural experiences?
				Have you explored the way they combine to shape who you are and your sense of identity?
				You must track changes on your document and add comments when areas from the questions are present with coding such as: Societal, Cultural, Identity

PACING	SKILL AND DEFINITION	PRODUCT AND PROMPT	SCORING GUIDE	INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
30 mins	REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > EDITING: Ability to proofread and format a piece to make it more effective.	CORRECT DRAFT Revise draft to have sound spelling, capitalization, punctuation, and grammar. Adjust formatting as needed to provide clear, appealing text.	 Provides draft free from distracting surface errors. Uses format that supports purpose. 	 Students upload their drafts to a Google Docs in order to complete revision and editing tasks. Students create three copies of their document in order to have the originial, the revised, and the edited version. Working together, with dictionaries, with the computers, students peer edit each others work, focusing on removing typos, misplaced or misused punctuation, grammatical errors, capitialization errors, etc. Briefly review selected skills that many students need to improve Teach students how to enter on each other's documents on Google Docs and edit the appropriate sections using their computers and the Goggle Docs system Assign students to proofread each other's texts a second time
10 mins	REVISION, EDITING, AND COMPLETION > FINAL DRAFT: Ability to submit final piece that meets expectations.	FINAL PIECE Turn in your complete set of drafts, plus the final version of your piece.	• Fits the "Meets Expectations" category in the rubric for the teaching task.	Students attach the rubric and the final draft of the paper, including all their drafts, either through a Google Doc or a printed version for submission.

Instructional Resources

No resources specified

Section 4: What Results?

Student Work Samples

No resources specified

Teacher Reflection

Not provided