

# Discipline Task Force

November 14, 2023

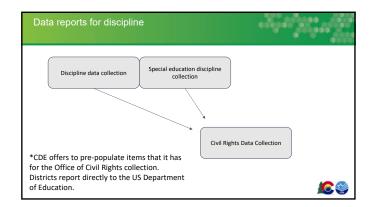
- Approval of Agenda & Minutes
- Icebreaker & Announcements (Name, Announcements, Answer for question: Long walk on the beach, long hike in the mountains or long nap on the couch?)

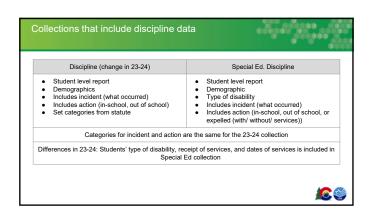


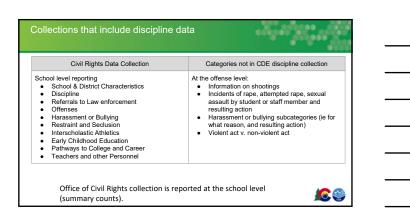
# Questions on data collection

- What is different in the current collections?
   Could we see the differences in numbers between different groups?



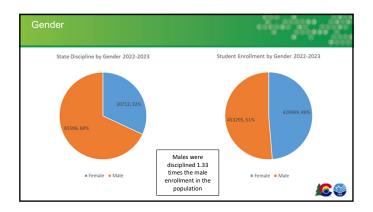






Definitions	
0000	
Task Force Duties	
Table Code Sales	
Define "disproportionate discipline" with considerations for size, location, and demographics of the local education provider	
	-
<b>Æ◎</b>	
Definitions: Disparities, disproportionate	
Discipline, Significant disproportionality	
Concept: Focused on the desired practices or practices that shouldn't occur	
Technical: Provide a formula for what is considered disproportionate discipline or indicates disparities and would indicate if a school, district, or state has	
disproportionate discipline or disparities in outcomes.  Some use a risk ratio that measures group comparison Some indicate how much higher a level is (i.e. 2 times the population) Some indicate or have metrics for how long it continues and if improvements occur (ie, if	
<ul> <li>Some indicate or have metrics for how long it continues and if improvements occur (ie, if this occurs for two years)</li> </ul>	

Race/Ethnicity	Disci	plined	Enrol	Iment	Comparisor
American Indian or Alaska Native	903.00	0.94%	5475.00	0.62%	1.51
Asian	1130.00	1.17%	28640.00	3.24%	0.36
Black or African American	8531.00	8.87%	40198.00	4.55%	1.95
Hispanic or Latino	43309.00	45.01%	308739.00	34.95%	1.29
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	348.00	0.36%	2657.00	0.30%	1.20
Two or More Races	5181.00	5.38%	45042.00	5.10%	1.06
White	36816.00	38.26%	452513.00	51.23%	0.75



Race/Ethnicity	Disciplined		Enrollment		Risk	Other Risk	Risk Ratio
American Indian or Alaska Native	903.00	0.94%	5475.00	0.62%	0.1649	0.1086	1.52
Asian	1130.00	1.17%	28640.00	3.24%	0.0395	0.1113	0.35
Black or African American	8531.00	8.87%	40198.00	4.55%	0.2122	0.1040	2.04
Hispanic or Latino	43309.00	45.01%	308739.00	34.95%	0.1403	0.0921	1.52
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	348.00	0.36%	2657.00	0.30%	0.1310	0.1089	1.20
Two or More Races	5181.00	5.38%	45042.00	5.10%	0.1150	0.1086	1.06
White	36816.00	38.26%	452513.00	51.23%	0.0814	0.1379	0.59

Significant Disproportionality Under IDEA	

# What is significant disproportionality?

- •IDEA requires each state to annually examine whether significant disproportionality based on race and ethnicity is occurring in the State and the LEAs of the State.
- •Having significant disproportionality means that students of a particular race/ethnicity are significantly more likely than their other-race peers to be identified as children with disabilities, identified with a particular disability category (e.g., Autism, Intellectual Disability), placed in a particular educational setting (e.g., separate classroom), or suspended/expelled as a disciplinary measure.



# How is Significant Disproportionality Calculated?

- Under IDEA, states must use risk ratio calculations to identify school
  - Order IDEA, states must use risk ratio calculations to identify school districts as significantly disproportionate.

    A risk ratio is a calculation performed by dividing the risk of a particular outcome for children in one racial or ethnic group within an LEA by the risk of that outcome for children in all other racial or ethnic groups in the State.

    Comparison group consists of the children in all other racial or ethnic groups within an LEA or within the State, when reviewing a particular racial or ethnic group within an LEA for significant disproportionality.

    Example: In Colorado, Black/African American students are 2.18 times
- as likely to be identified with intellectual disability compared to their non-black peers in SY2016-17.
- In Colorado, an administrative unit (AU) must be identified as significantly disproportionate in the same category for three consecutive years.



- If an administrative unit in Colorado is identified as significantly disproportionate the following actions are required:

  - An in-depth review policies, procedures, and practices.
    A root-cause analysis.
    Set aside 15% of its IDEA federal funds to address the issues identified through the root cause analysis.





The Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) has three distinct requirements around equity:

- Disproportionate Representation [State Performance Plan/Annual Performance Report (SPP/APR) Indicators B9 and B10],
  Significant Discrepancy (SPP/APR Indicators B4A and B4B)
  Significant Discrepancy (SPP/APR Indicators B4A and B4B)



# Disproportionate Representation v 20 USC. 1416(a)(X)(A): 1412(a)(22) Part B 51ste Performance Plan/Annual Performance Report (SPP)APR) Indicators 9 and 10 - Indicator 89. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of calculation and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 81. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of related and and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 81. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of related and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 84. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of related and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 84. Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of related and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 84. Percent of districts that have (a) a significant with the relation of related and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification. Indicator 84. Percent of districts that have (a) a significant discrepancy and explosions of greater than 10 days in a chool year for children with IEPs; and (b) policies, procedures, or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of IEPs, the use of groups and supports, and procedural safeguards. Show desi

## Disproportionate Representation

Part B State Performance Plan/Annual Performance Report (SPP/APR) Indicators 9 and 10

- Indicator B9: Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in special education and related services that is the result of inappropriate identification.
- Indicator B10: Percent of districts with disproportionate representation of racial and ethnic groups in specific disability categories that is the result of inappropriate identification.



# Disproportionate Representation - Reports

CDE submits an annual report to the US Department of Education

State Performance Plan



# Part 8 SPP/APR Indicator B4 • Indicator B4A: Percent of districts that have a significant discrepancy in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with individualized deutation programs (EPP). • Indicator B4B: Percent of districts that have (a) a significant discrepancy, by race or ethnicky in the rate of suspensions and expulsions of greater than 10 days in a school year for children with EPP, and (b) poclese, procedures, or practices that contribute to the significant discrepancy and do not comply with requirements relating to the development and implementation of EPPs, the use of positive behavioral interventions and supports, and procedural safeguards. Significant Discrepancy - Reports CDE submits an annual report to the US Department of Education • State Performance Plan