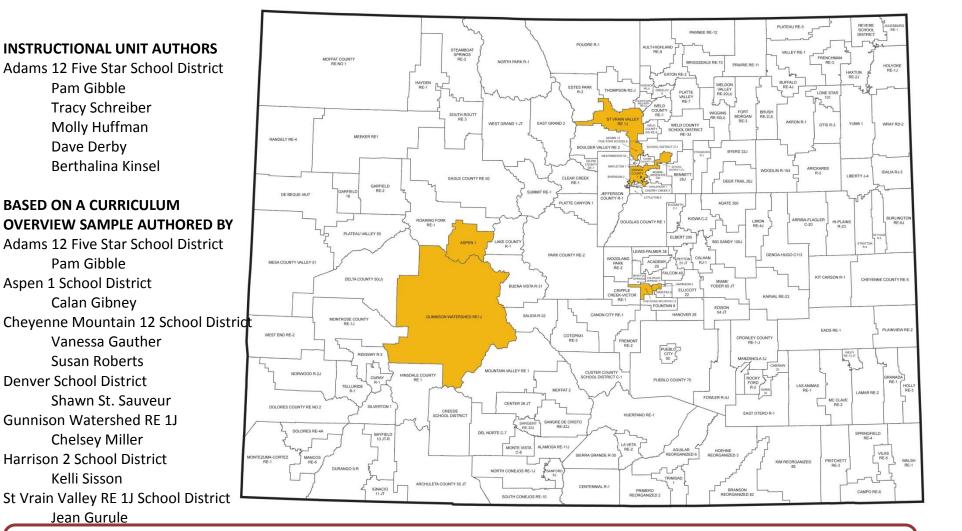
Unit Title: Personal Choices



This unit was authored by a team of Colorado educators. The template provided one example of unit design that enabled teacherauthors to organize possible learning experiences, resources, differentiation, and assessments. The unit is intended to support teachers, schools, and districts as they make their own local decisions around the best instructional plans and practices for all students.

DATE POSTED: OCTOBER 2015

Content Area	Comprehensive Health	Grade Level	High School	
Course Name/Course Code				
Standard	Grade Level Expectations (GLE)	GLE Code		
2. Physical and Personal	1. Analyze the benefits of a healthy diet and the consequences of an	unhealthy diet		CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.1
Wellness	2. Analyze how family, peers, media, culture, and technology influen	ce healthy eating choice	S	CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.2
	3. Demonstrate ways to take responsibility for healthy eating			CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.3
	4. Use a decision-making process to make healthy decisions about re	lationships and sexual h	ealth	CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4
	5. Support others in making positive and healthful choices about sex	ual activity		CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5
	6. Develop and maintain the ongoing evaluation of factors that impact health, and modify lifestyle accordingly			CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.6
3. Emotional and Social	1. Analyze the interrelationship of physical, mental, emotional, and social health			CH09-GR.HS-S.3-GLE.1
Wellness	2. Set goals, and monitor progress on attaining goals for future succe	CH09-GR.HS-S.3-GLE.2		
	3. Advocate to improve or maintain positive mental and emotional h	ealth for self and others		CH09-GR.HS-S.3-GLE.3
4. Prevention and Risk	1. Comprehend concepts that impact of individuals' use or nonuse of alcohol or other drugs		CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.1	
Management	2. Analyze the factors that influence a person's decision to use or not use alcohol, tobacco, and other drugs		CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.2	
	3. Develop interpersonal communication skills to refuse or avoid alco	ohol, tobacco, or other d	rugs	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.3
	4. Develop self-management skills to improving health by staying tob	acco, alcohol, and drug-	free	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.4
	5. Analyze the factors that influence community and societal beliefs relationships, attitudes, behavior, and vulnerability to violence	that underlie violence, a	nd describe	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.5
	6. Analyze the underlying causes of self-harming behavior, harming c	others and steps involved	d in seeking help	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.6
	 Identify the emotional and physical consequences of violence, and report them 	l find strategies to deal w	vith, prevent, and	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7
	8. Access valid information and resources that provide information a	bout sexual assault and	violence	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.8
	9. Demonstrate verbal and nonverbal communication skills and strat	egies to prevent violence	e	CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.9
	10. Advocate for changes in the home, school, or community that wou	uld increase safety		CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.10

Colorad Seir Direction Antone Manual Langer	do 21 st Century Skills Critical Thinking and Reasoning: Thinking Deeply, Thinking Differently Information Literacy: Untangling the Web Collaboration: Working Together, Learning Together Self-Direction: Own Your Learning Invention: Creating Solutions	describes wi do as they d utilization of physical, me being will be the standard Personal We	o Academic Standards for Health nat learners should know and be able to evelop proficiency in health. The f knowledge and skills to enhance ntal, emotional and social well- e supported in each unit through d areas of Physical and ellness, Emotional and Social d Prevention and Risk nt.	Colorado's Comprehensive Health and Physical Education Standards ntal and Emotional
Unit Titles			Length of Unit/Contact Hours	Unit Number/Sequence
Personal Choices			3 weeks	8

Unit Title	Personal Choices		Length of Unit ³ weeks
Focusing Lens(es)			CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4, CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5 CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	 How can a personal choice to become sexually active affect one's future goals and options? (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.b) What types of relationships exist and why are they important? (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.a) What should I plan for in order to achieve lifelong sexual and reproductive health? (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5) 		
Unit Strands	Physical and Personal Wellness, Prevention and Risk Management		
Concepts	Healthy Relationships, Consequences, Behaviors, Peer Pressure, Refusal Skills, Decision-making, Support Systems, Resources, Influences, Communication, Responsibility, Power, Control, Resources		

Generalizations My students will Understand that	Guiding	Questions Conceptual	
Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health.(CH09-GR.HS- S.2-GLE.4-EO.g,j) and (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO. a) and (CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7-EO.a,b)	What are examples of internal and external factors regarding sexual health decisions?	How do family, media, peer pressure, and culture influence sexual health?	
Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.a,b,d,e,f,h,) and (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.b,c)	What is the process for making a healthy decision? What risky sexual behaviors could result from unhealthy decision making? What are the responsibilities of parenthood?	By not using a decision making process what consequences might affect an individual's sexual health?	
Support systems and credible resources can cultivate healthy relationships and positive sexual decision making. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.a,b,c,d,f) and (CH09-GR.HS- S.4-GLE.7-EO.a,b,c)and(CH09-GR.H.SS.2-GLE.5-EOa,b,c)	What are components of healthy relationships?What are the consequences and benefits of contraception, including condoms?What is the difference between risk avoidance and risk reduction relating to STIs and pregnancies?	 What are some support systems and resources to improve sexual health and how might an individual utilize them? How might power and control imbalances impact relationships? What are strategies to communicate and negotiate risk avoidance and risk reduction practices? 	
Effective communication and refusal skills are essential to manage peer pressure and encourage responsible sexual health decisions. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.b,c,e,j) and (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.a,b,c) and (CH09-GR.HS-S.4- GLE.7-EO.b,c) and (CH09-GR.H.SS.4-GLE.7-EO.b,c)	How are effective communication and refusal skills essential to advocate for responsible sexual health?	 Why are refusal skills an important component of relationships? How might a teen use refusal and communication skills to advocate for personal responsibility? How might a teen encourage and support a peer in their decision about sexual abstinence. 	

Critical Content:	Key Skills:
My students will Know	My students will be able to (DO)
 The characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.a) The relationship between power and control in peer, dating, or family relationships to aggression and violence.(CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7-EO.a) The possible consequences of early sexual activity.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.b) The importance of sexual abstinence for self and others.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.a) There is a choice of abstinence from sexual activity at any point in time.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.C) There is a choice of abstinence from sexual activity at any point in time.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.C) The rights of refusal from sexual contact.(CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7-EO.c) Choice, use, and effectiveness of contraception, including the availability of contraceptive methods.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.d) The difference between risk avoidance and risk reduction and strategies one can utilize for each as it relates to STIs and pregnancy.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.b) The benefits of avoiding or reducing the risk of unwanted pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HV. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.b) The importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.c) When it is necessary to seek help with or leave an unhealthy situation.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.f) The risks of sharing personal information thru modern technology.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.f) How HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.h) Responsibilities of parenthood. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.i) Situations that could lead to pressure to have sex. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.7-EO.b) The internal and external influences and pressures to become sexually active,	 Identify the characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-E0.a) Analyze how power and control differences in relationships such as peer, dating, or family relationships can contribute to aggression and violence. (CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7-EO.a) Analyze the possible consequences of early sexual activity and the emotional, mental, social, and physical benefits for delaying sexual activity. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.b) Demonstrate ways to encourage friends to remain sexually abstinent or return to abstinence if sexually active. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.a) Describe how a person can choose to abstain from sexual activity at any point in time, even after having engaged in prior sexual activity. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.c) Summarize why individuals have the right to refuse sexual contact. (CH09-GR.HS-S.4-GLE.7-EO.c) Analyze factors that influence the choice, use, and effectiveness of contraception, including the availability of contraceptive methods(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.d) Explain the difference between risk avoidance and risk reduction and strategies one can utilize for each as it relates to STIs and pregnancy.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.e) Communicate the benefits of avoiding or reducing the risk of unwanted pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.5-EO.c) Analyze risks of sharing personal information thru modern technology.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.g) Evaluate how HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) or Identify responsibilities of parenthood.(CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.i) Evaluate how HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted diseases (STDs) or Identify internal and external influences and pressures to become sexually active, and demonstrate strategies to resist those pressures. (CH09-GR.HS-S.2-GLE.4-EO.j) Identify internal and e

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline. EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: *"Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."*

A student in ability to apply and comp through the following sta		I can utilize the development of skills to effectively make positive decisions about relationships and sexual health that will also influence and support others to make positive choices.
Academic Vocabulary:	Analyze, Influence, Decision-making, Risks, Communication, Media, Support Systems, Factors, Symptoms, Consequences, Power, Control, Negotiate, Healthy Relationships, Behaviors, Peer Pressure, Refusal Skills, Inter-connectedness, Resources, Advocacy, Responsibility, Marriage	
Technical Vocabulary:	Pregnancy, STD/STI, Abstinence, HIV/AIDS, Contraception, Sexting, Parenthood, Sexually Active	

Unit Description:	This unit analyzes both positive and negative relationships that adolescents develop and the decision-making skills needed to establish personal boundaries and strategies to resist behaviors such as unwanted or unplanned sexual activity (e.g. Dating, Abstinence, STD/HIV prevention, Birth Control & Teen parenting) that could negatively impact personal health and goals. Additionally, students will research and discuss healthy dating skills, abstinence, birth control, STD/HIV prevention, and teen parenting. The unit culminates with students creating a marketing campaign designed to encourage healthy decision making skills regarding personal choices and the impact on sexual health.			
Considerations:	High School students are entering a phase in their life where personal relationships begin to come to the forefront. Whether these relationships are peer, family or romantic, students are beginning to make choices within these relationships that may impact their future and their personal goals. This unit addresses topics surrounding these issues and allows students to analyze factors that influence their relationships. In addition, students examine possible consequences that may come with engaging in early sexual behavior. Due to the sensitive nature of some of the learning experiences, the authors recognize that some schools/districts require signed parental permission forms before students can participate in discussions related to some of the content of this unit.			
Unit Generalizations				
Koy Conorolizations	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health			
Key Generalizations:	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health			
Supporting	Support systems and credible resources can cultivate healthy relationships and positive sexual decision making			
Generalizations:	Effective communication and refusal skills are essential to manage peer pressure and encourage responsible sexual health decisions			

Performance Assessment: The capstone/summative assessment for this unit.			
Claims: (Key generalization(s) to be mastered and demonstrated through the capstone assessment.)	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health. Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health.		

Stimulus Material: (Engaging scenario that includes role, audience, goal/outcome and explicitly connects the key generalization)	As a marketing director for a public health department, you and your team will create a marketing campaign designed to encourage healthy decision making skills regarding personal choices and the impact on sexual health (e.g. Positive Relationships, Healthy Dating, Abstinence, STD/HIV prevention, Birth Control, Teen parenting, etc.). <u>http://www.jukeboxprint.com/editor/brochure_creator.php</u> (Brochure creator) <u>https://www.lucidpress.com/pages/examples/free-pamphlet-maker-online</u> (Pamphlet creator) <u>https://www.mycreativeshop.com/flyer-templates.aspx</u> (Brochure templates) <u>https://www.psprint.com/design-templates/brochures/</u> (Brochure templates) Your marketing campaign must address the essential question: How might a peer/parent encourage and support teens in their decisions surrounding positive sexual health?
Product/Evidence: (Expected product from students)	 Students will work in groups to design a product (e.g. Pamphlet, Blog, Poster, Video, Commercial, Radio announcement, Facebook page) that illustrates: Positive decision making skills Information/Facts/Statistics Slogans/catch phrases Appealing format to the target audience (e.g. placement, font, colors, pictures) Credible resources/Help/more information Question and Answer section Myths
Differentiation: (Multiple modes for student expression)	

Texts for independent reading or for class read aloud to support the content				
Informational/Non-Fiction	Fiction			
 Ana's Story by Jenna Bush (Lexile level 850) Positive: Living with HIV/AIDS by David Menadue (Lexile level 1190) Sexual Decisions: The Ultimate Teen Guide by L. Kris Gowen (Lexile range 800-1200) Exploring Human Sexuality: Making Healthy Decisions by Richard D. McAnulty (Lexile range 800-1200) Do You Love Me?: Making Healthy Dating Decisions by Ashley Rae Harris (Lexile range 800-1200) In Love and In Danger: A Teen's Guide to Breaking Free of Abusive Relationships by Barrie Levy (Lexile range 800 - 1200) The Pregnancy Project by Gabby Rodriguez (Lexile level 970) S.E.X.: The All-You-Need-To-Know Progressive Sexuality Guide to Get You Through High School and College by Heather Corrina (Lexile range 800 - 1200) 	The First Part Last by Angela Johnson (Lexile level 790) Breathing Underwater by Alex Flinn (Lexile level 510) My LIfe After Now by Jessica Verdi (Lexile level 720)			

Ong	Ongoing Discipline-Specific Learning Experiences					
1.	Description:	Think/work like a marketing director to promote healthy relationships	Teacher Resources:	http://www.sustaineddialogue.org/iisd/relationship_model.htm (The Concept of Relationship)		
			Student Resources:	http://www.wikihow.com/Understand-What-a-Relationship-Means (How to Understand What a Relationship Means)		
	Skills:	Identify the characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family	Assessment:	Students will journal about individual experiences and observations which have impacted their own relationships.		
2.	Description:	: Think/work like a marketing director advocating for people to maintain	Teacher Resources:	<u>http://coloradoaidsproject.org/</u> (Colorado aids project website) <u>http://www.worksheetworks.com/miscellanea/graphic-organizers/tchart.html</u> (Sample t chart)		
		positive sexual health	Student Resources:	http://coloradoaidsproject.org/ (Colorado aids project website) www.rainn.org (National anti-abuse organization) http://thebluebench.org/ (Resource to help end sexual assault and violence)		
	Skills:	Verbalize the importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active	Assessment:	Students will keep a T-chart with resources which can be accessed to help promote and maintain their own sexual health.		

Prior Knowledge and Experiences

Due to the timing of this unit, students should have some prior knowledge on decision making skills, goal setting, communication skills, refusal skills, etc. These ongoing learning experiences build upon a presumed (student) working knowledge of the concepts of relationships as well as healthy and unhealthy sexual behavior.

Learning Experience # 1		
The teacher may introduce the concept of relationships so students can begin to develop their own definition of relationships.		
Generalization Connection(s):	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	http://www.thehotline.org/is-this-abuse/healthy-relationships/ (What is a relationship?) http://www.wikihow.com/Understand-What-a-Relationship-Means (How to Understand What a Relationship Means)	
Student Resources:	http://www.eduplace.com/graphicorganizer/pdf/cluster_web3.pdf (Web graphic organizer)	
Assessment:	Students may brainstorm different types of relationships in their life. (Discussion wall, pair/share, exit ticket)	

Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Teacher may provide a web graphic organizer for students to use as they brainstorm types of relationships	Students may look up the definition of "Relationship" in their own language
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may write a definition of the word "Relationship" that could be added to a dictionary <u>http://www.wikihow.com/Write-a-Dictionary-Definition</u> (How to Write a Dictionary Definition)
Critical Content:	Characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships	elationships, marriage, and family
Key Skills:	Identify the characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family	
Critical Language:	Values, Impact, Relationship, Brainstorm, Sexual Health, Beliefs,	Decision-Making

Learning Experience # 2

The teacher may show episodes or video clips from a family T.V show or movie (e.g. Modern Family, Parenthood) so students can determine how various family structures reflect personal beliefs.

Generalization Connection(s):	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	http://abc.go.com/shows/modern-family/episode-guide (Modern Family episodes) http://www.nbc.com/parenthood/episodes (Parenthood episodes) http://abcfamily.go.com/shows/the-fosters (The Fosters episodes) http://collider.com/the-kids-are-all-right-movie-clips-images-mia-wasikowska-julianne-moore/ (The Kids are Alright movie clips) http://www.allmovie.com/characteristic/theme/non-traditional-families-d3085 (Movies with Non-Traditional Families)	
Student Resources:	<u>http://jonathanmerritt.religionnews.com/2013/09/10/from-full-house-to-modern-family-ten-shows-that-forced-us-to-reimagine-</u> <u>the-american-family/</u> (T.V shows that forced us to reimagine the American family) <u>http://www.allmovie.com/characteristic/theme/non-traditional-families-d3085</u> (Movies with Non-Traditional Families)	
Assessment:	Students will submit examples of different family structures represented in current T.V shows and/or movies. (exit ticket)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide students a graphic organizer to use for students to write the family structure type and the TV show/movie where it comes from	Students may use movies and/or T.V shows from a non-English speaking country as a resource

Colorado Teacher-Authored Sample Instructional Unit

Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	The teacher may provide video cameras for students to film their own TV show	Students may find their own clips from their favorite movies or TV shows to analyze Students may write their own script to a TV show
Critical Content:	Characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships	elationships, marriage, and family
Key Skills:	Identify the characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, c	committed relationships, marriage, and family
Critical Language:	Unconventional, Family Structures, Sexual Health, Health Relationships	

The teacher may introduce elements of nurturing vs. non-nurturing (refer to teacher resources) families so students can apply the characteristics to their own experiences.

Generalization Connection(s):	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/cdphe/categories/services-and-information/health/prevention-and-wellness/nurturing-families- and (Nurturing families and communities) https://familylinks.org.uk/about-us/at-a-glance/the-nurturing-programme (The Nurturing Program) https://100feed.wordpress.com/2012/05/13/100feed-special-report-the-effects-of-non-nurturing/ (The Effects on Non-Nurturing)	
Student Resources:	http://www.academia.edu/9263135/Healthy_Versus_Unhealthy_Family_Systems_Traits_and_Symptoms (Healthy vs. unhealthy family traits)	
Assessment:	The students will apply the traits of nurturing vs. non-nurturing families on T.V shows from the assessment on the second learning experience to assess qualities within their own family. (journal)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide a list of nurturing vs non-nurturing families for students to identify which they were able to find on the TV show	Students can focus in choosing only nurturing or non-nurturing traits Students may demonstrate a nurturing and non-nurturing traits in a different language or in a nonverbal way
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may provide one example of nurturing and one of non- nurturing from the videos they created in the previous learning experience
Critical Content:	 Characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family. The relationship between power and control in peer, dating, or family relationships to aggression and violence 	

Colorado Teacher-Authored Sample Instructional Unit	
Key Skills:	 Identify the characteristics of healthy relationships, dating, committed relationships, marriage, and family Analyze how power and control differences in relationships such as peer, dating, or family relationships can contribute to aggression and violence
Critical Language:	Elements, Nurturing, Characteristics, Experiences, Traits, Sexual Health, Non-nurturing, Consequences

Learning Experience # 4		
The teacher may pose the ques qualities possessed in both type		unhealthy relationship?" so students can evaluate
Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6FU4qj9_ESQ(No One Watch?v=6FU4qj9_ESQ(No Note) Nationshttp://girlsactionships/healthy-relationships/healthy-relationships/log1/Su20of%20Violence.pdf(Cycle of Su20Violence.pdf(Cycle of Su20Violence.pdf	d7cb3578dd71f286db2c4b440d.jpg (Healthy vs Unhealthy ick on second link. (Healthy vs. unhealthy relationship scenarios) guide/healthy-relationships/healthy-vs-unhealthy- thy vs Unhealthy Relationships Scenarios)
Student Resources:	https://s-media-cache-ak0.pinimg.com/736x/c1/e8/32/c1e832d7cb3578dd71f286db2c4b440d.jpg (Healthy vs Unhealthy Relationships) http://www.chetna-dfw.org/wp-content/uploads/2014/03/cycle-of-violence_pdf-page-002.jpg (Cycle of Violence Wheel)	
Assessment:	Using a graphic organizer, students will give examples of the steps in the cycle of violence from the "No One Would Tell" movie.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may add English subtitles to the "No One Would Tell Movie" The teacher may provide a word bank, multiple choice or matching activity for students to complete during movie	Students may discuss the answers with a peer or individually with the teacher Students may provide notes they take during the movie
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Student may respond in an extended written response rather than filling out the graphic organizer
Critical Content:	When it is necessary to seek help with or leave an unhealthy	y situation
Key Skills:	Analyze when it is necessary to seek help with or leave an up	nhealthy situation
Critical Language:	Tension, Inter-connectedness, Intimidation, Hostility, Assess, Power, Cycle of Violence, Control, Negotiate	

The teacher may pose the questions "What is the difference between sex and sexuality?" so students can recogni	ze the
difference.	

Generalization Connection(s):	Personal beliefs, values, and experiences impact an individual's choices regarding sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	<u>http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.LearningActivitiesDetail&PageID=167</u> (Difference between sex and sexuality lesson) <u>http://www.apa.org/pi/lgbt/resources/sexuality-definitions.pdf</u> (Definitions of each)	
Student Resources:	http://www.campuspride.org/tools/im-so-confused-what-is-the-difference-between-sex-gender-and-sexual-identity-2/ (Sex, gender, sexuality) https://www.surveymonkey.com/ (Survey generator)	
Assessment:	Students will label gender stereotypes on a word wall. Then, students will work with a partner to define "Sexuality" in their own words and explain why sexuality is more than having sex.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide students with the gender stereotypes for students to place on the word wall The teacher may pair up students according to ability levels	Students may write examples of sexuality instead of writing the definition Students may act out examples of sexuality Students may discuss and/or write own the definition and explanation in their native language
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process) Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
	The teacher may provide students with a resource to develop a survey (e.g. <u>https://www.surveymonkey.com/</u>)	Students may create a survey and analyze the results of how people around the school define sexuality
Critical Content:	Internal and external influences and pressures to become sexually active, and demonstrate strategies to resist those pressures	
Key Skills:	 Identify internal and external influences and pressures to become sexually active, and demonstrate strategies to resist those pressures 	
Critical Language:	Sex, Sexuality, Gender, Stereotypes, Recognize, Analyze, Media, Influence	

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The teacher may present examples of various levels of intimacy so students can analyze their sexual limits and establish a definition of abstinence.

Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	https://jennyhansenauthor.wordpress.com/2011/11/08/using-the-12-stages-of-physical-intimacy-to-build-tension-in-your-novel/ (Levels of intimacy)	
Student Resources:	http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.LearningActivitiesDetail&PageID=167 (Difference between sex and sexuality)	
Assessment:	Students will organize levels of intimacy cards so they can establish their sexual limits. (e.g. eye to eye, eye to body, hand to hand, hand to body, etc.)	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may simplify the cards by using easier language The teacher may provide cards in the student's native language	Students may work with a partner to organize only the first 3-5 levels of intimacy cards
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may develop their own cards to examine the order of their sexual limits
Critical Content:	 Possible consequences of early sexual activity The importance of sexual abstinence for self and others There is a choice of abstinence from sexual activity at any point in time 	
	• There is a choice of abstinence from sexual activity at any po	bint in time
Key Skills:	Analyze the possible consequences of early sexual activity ar sexual activity	nd the emotional, mental, social, and physical benefits for delaying stivity at any point in time, even after having engaged in prior sexual

Learning Experience # 7	
The teacher may present variou manage pressure and encourage	us pressure line scenarios so students can use effective communication and refusal skills to ge responsible sexual health.
Generalization Connection(s):	Effective communication and refusal skills are essential to manage peer pressure and encourage responsible sexual health decisions
Teacher Resources:	http://teenadvice.about.com/u/sty/drugsalcohol/teenage peer pressure scenarios/ (Teenage Peer Pressure Scenarios)

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Student Resources:	http://www.healthychildren.org/English/ages-stages/teen/dating-sex/Pages/Helping-Teens-Resist-Sexual-Pressure.aspx (Helping teens resist sexual pressure) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right to resist.asp (Refusal skills) http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.YouthSkillsDetail&PageID=121 (Refusal skills resources) http://www.mychoice2wait.org/refusal.html (My Choice 2 Wait) http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.YouthSkillsDetail&PageID=121 (Refusal Skills) http://www.iup.edu/page.aspx?id=89605 (Sexual Responsibility) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills) http://www.pixton.com/ (Comic strip creator)	
Assessment:	https://www.bitstrips.com/create/comic/ (Comic strip creator) Students will create and perform role plays demonstrating proper refusal skills for peer evaluation.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process) Expression (Products and/or Performance)	
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide a list of proper refusal skills for students to choose from	Students may create a comic strip to demonstrate proper refusal skills. (e.g. Pixton.com, Bitstrips.com) instead of a role play Students may do the role play in their native language Students may write down a list of proper refusal skills
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	The teacher may provide a list of all refusal skills students need to demonstrate within their role plays The teacher may provide video cameras for the students to film their role plays	Students may create their own scenarios and act them out live or on video Student may demonstrate proper and improper role play using refusal skills
Critical Content:	 Rights of refusal from sexual contact Situations that could lead to pressure to have sex Internal and external influences and pressures to become sexually active, and demonstrate strategies to resist those pressures 	
Key Skills:	 Demonstrate ways to encourage friends to remain sexually abstinent or return to abstinence if sexually active Summarize why individuals have the right to refuse sexual contact Identify situations that could lead to pressure to have sex 	
Critical Language:	Refusal Skills, Peer Pressure, Essential, Communication, Decision-Making, Behaviors	

Learning Experience # 8	
The teacher may present variou of sexual violence in dating rela	us statistics on teen date rape and sexual assault so students can become aware of the frequency tionships.
Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health
Teacher Resources:	https://www.rainn.org/statistics (Data on sexual assaults)

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	<u>http://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=tp&tid=317</u> (Data on sexual assaults) http://adulted.about.com/od/icebreakers/qt/snowballfight.htm (How to do the snowball fight icebreaker)	
Student Resources:	https://www.rainn.org/statistics (Data on sexual assaults) http://www.bjs.gov/index.cfm?ty=tp&tid=317 (Data on sexual assaults)	
Assessment:	Students will take an anonymous survey in which they answer questions on sexual assault. Students will then participate in a snowball activity to be able to tally the responses from the class.	
Differentiation: (Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	Teacher may provide the questions to the survey in the student's native language Teacher may provide a shorter survey with only key questions for students to answer Teacher may simplify the language of the survey	N/A
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	Teachers may provide students with a resource to develop a survey (e.g. https://www.surveymonkey.com/)	Students may create a survey and analyze the results of how people around sexual assault
Critical Content:	The relationship between power and control in peer, dating, or family relationships to aggression and violence	
Key Skills:	 Analyze how power and control differences in relationships such as peer, dating, or family relationships can contribute to aggression and violence 	
Critical Language:	Frequency, Statistics, Rape, Assault, Anonymous, Communications, Interconnectedness, Sexually Active, Consequences	

Learning Experience # 9		
The teacher may provide fact sheets for various STIs so students can evaluate symptoms, preventions and transmissions.		
Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	http://www.cdc.gov/std/healthcomm/fact_sheets.htm (STI fact sheets) http://beforeplay.org/stds/ (STI fact sheets) http://www.familyplanningquincy.org/std-clinic/std-symptom-checklist/ (STD symptom checklist)	
Student Resources:	http://www.cdc.gov/std/healthcomm/fact_sheets.htm (STI fact sheets) http://beforeplay.org/stds/ (STI fact sheets) http://www.familyplanningquincy.org/std-clinic/std-symptom-checklist/ (STD symptom checklist)	
Assessment:	Students may work with a partner to complete an STI checklist sheet covering the symptoms, risks or transmission and prevention of STIs. In a Think-Pair-Share manner, the group will report one of their findings to the class.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)

(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide a matching worksheet for students to simply match the terms with the symptoms The teacher may provide a fill in the blanks worksheet and a word bank for students to choose from to complete the answers	Students may focus on only one section of the checklist (e.g. symptoms, risks, transmission or prevention) Students may present their findings to the teacher one-on-one
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	The teacher may provide a list of the most common STD's among teenagers in the United States or a list for the most common in Colorado	Students may pick the most common STD's and make pamphlets, posters, PowerPoints, etc. to present to the class
Critical Content:	 The difference between risk avoidance and risk reduction and strategies one can utilize for each as it relates to STIs and pregnancy Benefits of avoiding or reducing the risk of unwanted pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV 	
Key Skills:	 Explain the difference between risk avoidance and risk reduction and strategies one can utilize for each as it relates to STIs and pregnancy Evaluate How HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals Communicate the benefits of avoiding or reducing the risk of unwanted pregnancy and sexually transmitted infections, including HIV 	
Critical Language:	STD/STI, Symptom, Prevention, Transmission, Risk, Sexually Active, Analyze, Factors	

Learning Experience # 10		
The teacher may provide guest speaker (e.g. physician, HIV care link, Colorado AIDS project) so students can connect the importance of being tested to how it impacts one's sexual health.		
Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	http://coloradoaidsproject.org/ (HIV/AIDS resource) https://www.aids.gov/ (HIV/AIDS resource)	
Student Resources:	http://coloradoaidsproject.org/ (Colorado aids project website)	
Assessment:	Students will write a letter or prepare talking points for their parents/family member to discuss why they believe it is important for them personally to be HIV tested.	
Differentiation: (Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	The teacher may provide a list of physical and emotional effects of HIV for students to include on their letters The teacher may provide examples of what this letter could look like	Students may write the letter in their native language Students may talk to the teacher one-on-one as if he/she was the parent instead of writing a letter

Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	Students may write a letter to their friends as well as their family and analyze how the letters may be different in their message
Critical Content:	 The importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active How HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals 	
Key Skills:	 Evaluate how HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals Verbalize the importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active 	
Critical Language:	Connect, Impact, Interconnectedness, HIV/AIDS, Advocacy, Resources, Responsibility	

Learning Experience # 11

The teacher may provide examples of contraception options so students can make healthy decisions about possible sexual activity.

Generalization Connection(s):	Effective decision making skills directly relate to an individual's ability to assess and maintain their personal sexual health	
Teacher Resources:	http://youngwomenshealth.org/2009/01/28/pros-and-cons-contraceptive-methods/ (Contraception pros & cons)	
Student Resources:	http://youngwomenshealth.org/2009/01/28/pros-and-cons-contraceptive-methods/ (Contraception pros & cons)	
Assessment:	Students will write an example letter to a friend explaining the benefits of remaining sexually abstinent or returning to abstinence if sexually active.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	Teacher may provide a list of physical and emotional benefits of abstinence for students to draw ideas from Teacher may provide examples of what this letter could look like	Students may talk to the teacher one-on-one as if he/she was the friend instead of writing a letter Students may write the letter in their native language
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	N/A
Critical Content:	Choice, use, and effectiveness of contraception, including the availability of contraceptive methods	
Key Skills:	 Demonstrate ways to encourage friends to remain sexually abstinent or return to abstinence if sexually active Analyze factors that influence the choice, use, and effectiveness of contraception, including the availability of contraceptive methods 	
Critical Language:	Contraception, Benefits, Abstinence, Pregnancy, STD/STI, Abstinence, HIV/AIDS, Contraception, Sexting, Parenthood, Sexually Active,	
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	Responsibility, Support Systems	

The teacher may provide short stories or videos that document teen pregnancies from both the mother and father's perspective so students can analyze how teen pregnancy impacts their relationships and future goals (e.g. financial, educational, emotional)

Generalization Connection(s):	Effective communication and refusal skills are essential to manage peer pressure and encourage responsible sexual health decisions Support systems and credible resources can cultivate healthy relationships and positive sexual decision making	
Teacher Resources:	http://recapp.etr.org/recapp/index.cfm?fuseaction=pages.YouthSkillsDetail&PageID=121 (Refusal skills) http://teenadvice.about.com/u/sty/drugsalcohol/teenage_peer_pressure_scenarios/ (Teenage Peer Pressure Scenarios) http://www.healthychildren.org/English/ages-stages/teen/dating-sex/Pages/Helping-Teens-Resist-Sexual-Pressure.aspx (Helping teens resist sexual pressure) http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills) https://www.google.com/search?q=goal+setting+graphic+organizers+for+students&biw=1024&bih=774&tbm=isch&tbo=u&source= univ&sa=X&ved=0CCQQsARqFQoTClaJ75yOwMgCFUngYwodN_EF0A (Goal-setting graphic organizer examples	
Student Resources:	https://www.google.com/search?q=goal+setting+graphic+organizers+for+students&biw=1024&bih=774&tbm=isch&tbo=u&source= univ&sa=X&ved=0CCQQsARqFQoTClaJ75yOwMgCFUngYwodN_EF0A (Goal-setting graphic organizer examples http://www.thecoolspot.gov/right_to_resist.asp (Refusal skills)	
Assessment:	Students will work together to complete a graphic organizer to show how their goals would be affected by teen pregnancy.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	The teacher may provide a completed graphic organizer sample so students get an idea of what they need to do	Students may write their goals in their native language
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	The teacher may provide resources such as articles if a teen parent is not available to interview <u>http://www.livestrong.com/article/559877-the-social-impact-of-being-a-teen-mom/</u> (Social impact of teen parents) <u>http://www.oneworldeducation.org/being-teen-parent</u> (Teen parent) <u>http://youth.gov/youth-topics/teen-pregnancy-prevention/adverse-effects-teen-pregnancy</u> (Teen pregnancy)	Students may interview a teen parent to compare their own graphic organizer to the real life effects from the teen parent
Critical Content:	How HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals	
Key Skills:	 Identify responsibilities of parenthood Evaluate how HIV/AIDS and other sexually transmitted infections (STIs) or pregnancy could impact life goals 	
Critical Language:	Credible, Cultivate, Perspective, Affect, Impacts, relationships, Marriage, Responsibility, Support Systems	
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The teacher may provide examples of criteria to evaluate the validity of a credible resource so students can research viable resources for healthy relationships, positive sexual health, STIs, teen pregnancy and contraception.

Generalization Connection(s):	Support systems and credible resources can cultivate healthy relationships and positive sexual decision making	
Teacher Resources:	https://sites.google.com/a/adams12.org/t_larue/craap-test (Evaluation resources)	
Student Resources:	https://sites.google.com/a/adams12.org/t larue/craap-test (Evaluation resources)	
Assessment:	Students will research and submit two credible resources that they will use in their marketing campaign.	
Differentiation:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
(Multiple means for students to access content and multiple modes for student to express understanding.)	N/A	Students may submit resources in their native language
Extensions for depth and complexity:	Access (Resources and/or Process)	Expression (Products and/or Performance)
	N/A	 Students may find up to 5 credible resources to use within their campaign Students may visit or communicate with 2 of the resources to determine if they are not only reliable but relevant to their target audience
Critical Content:	The importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active	
Key Skills:	• Verbalize the importance of HIV and sexually transmitted infection (STI) testing and counseling to those who are sexually active	
Critical Language:	Criteria, Evaluate, Validity, Credible, Resources, Research, Sexual Health, Contraception, Sexual Activity	