#### Curriculum Development Course at a Glance

Planning for 10<sup>th</sup> Grade Reading, Writing, and Communicating

Co	ntent Area	Reading, Writing, and Communicating Grade Level 10 <sup>th</sup> Grade				
Co	urse Name/Course Code					
Sta	indard	Grade Level Expectations (GLE)			GLE Code	
1.	Oral Expression and	1. Content that is gathered carefully and organized well successfully influences an audience			RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1	
	Listening	2. Effectively operating in small and large groups to accomplish a goal requires active listening			RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2	
2.	Reading for All	1. Literary and historical influences determine the meaning of traditional and contemporary literary texts			RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1	
	Purposes	2. The development of new ideas and concepts within informational and persuasive manuscripts			RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2	
		3. Context, parts of speech, grammar, and word choice influence the understanding of literary, persuasive, and informational texts			RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3	
3.	Writing and	1. Literary or narrative genres feature a variety of stylistic devices to engage or entertain an audience			RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1	
	Composition	2. Organizational writing patterns inform or persuade an audience			RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2	
		3. Grammar, language usage, mechanics, and clarity are the basis of writing process	ongoing refinements and	revisions within the	RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3	
4.	Research and Reasoning	1. Collect, analyze, and evaluate information obtained from multiple solutions, or share findings and conclusions	sources to answer a ques	tion, propose	RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1	
		2. An author's reasoning is the essence of legitimate writing and req	uires evaluating text for va	alidity and accuracy	RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2	

#### Colorado 21<sup>st</sup> Century Skills

**Critical Thinking and Reasoning:** *Thinking Deeply, Thinking Differently* 

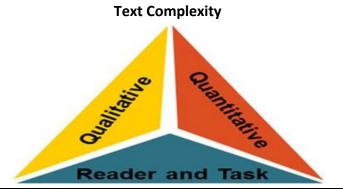
**Information Literacy:** *Untangling the Web* 

**Collaboration:** Working Together, Learning

Together

**Self-Direction:** Own Your Learning

**Invention:** Creating Solutions



Unit Titles	Length of Unit/Contact Hours	Unit Number/Sequence
Ideas Under Fire	4-6 weeks	1
Uncrossing Your Wires	4-6 weeks	2
Dickens to Disney: Understanding Diverse Points of View	4-6 weeks	3
E Pluribus Unum	4-6 weeks	4
Seeking Justice	4-6 weeks	5

Unit Title	Ideas Under Fire		Length of Unit 4-6 weeks	
Focusing Lens(es)	Perspectives (and change)	Standards and Grade Level Expectations Addressed in this Unit	RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2	RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	<ul> <li>What effect does historical perspective have on understanding? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f)</li> <li>How does language affect understanding? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.c)</li> <li>Does culture influence our point of view? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>In what ways are we biased? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> </ul>			
Unit Strands	Oral Expression and Listening, Reading for all Purposes, Writing and Composition, Research and Reasoning		soning	
Concepts	In content:	In rea	ading:	In writing:
	Perspective, validation, inform		als, style, tone, mood, claims, evidence, nent, perspective	Appeals, style, tone, mood, claims, evidence, argument, perspective

Generalizations  My students will Understand that	Guiding ( Factual	Questions Conceptual
Readers respond more insightfully to text by evaluating a speaker's point of view. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.b)	How does the speaker's point of view impact credibility? What are the clues to the speaker's point of view? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.a)	How does point of view impact credibility? In what ways does the reader's point of view affect their understanding of a speaker?
Opposing arguments require evaluation when assessing the accuracy of texts. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EOb)	What are the essential elements of the opposing arguments between these texts? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d) What are the logical components of these arguments? (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d; RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.a)	How is truth defined? (RWC0-9-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.b) What is the benefit of an opposing argument? How does truth and accuracy change over time? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e)
Author's use rhetoric to persuade and enhance meaning. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)	What are the rhetorical devices used in the text?  (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE-3-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3.EO.b)  How do the rhetorical devices affect the meaning?  (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.e)	How do the meanings of words change over time? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.a) How is meaning impeded by faulty rhetoric? (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d)

Effective appeals in arguments evince understanding of historical referents and literary significance. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f)

What is the historical context for this text? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2\_GLE.1-EO.e)

What is the theme inherent in the author's argument? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)

How does the rhetorical structure lead to an effective argument? (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EOa) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)

How do themes transcend time? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)	
<ul> <li>Point of view 's relationship to historical context (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>The markers of a weak argument (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>The relationship between quality analysis and insight (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Specific examples of seminal social/cultural documents (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f)</li> <li>Arguments must be supported by the text (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>The connections between personal growth/understanding and allowing our viewpoints to be challenged (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Establish credibility and enhance audience appeal (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> <li>Evaluate point of view (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Identify fallacious reasoning and distorted evidence (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Respond to text insightfully (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Use text-based information to solve a problem not identified in the text (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Analyze seminal U.S. documents (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f)</li> <li>Explain how writers use organization and details (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Cite text-based evidence (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> <li>Analyze opposing arguments (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> </ul>	

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline.  EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."				
A student in can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement(s):		Although Thomas Jefferson and offer opposing arguments, both speak to transcendent themes.  Seminal and historical documents contain relevance in modern society.  Studying opposing arguments helps strengthen one's own perspective.		
Academic Vocabulary: Appeal, Expert Authority, Cred		bility, Logic, Insight, Analysis, Assumptions, Primary and Secondary Sources, Opposition, Seminal, Reasoning		
Technical Vocabulary: Rhetoric, Dialogue, Pacing, Poir		nt of View		

**Unit Title** 4-6 weeks **Uncrossing Your Wires Length of Unit Standards and Grade** RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1 Focusing Lens(es) Inquiry RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1 **Level Expectations** RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2 Addressed in this Unit RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2 **Inquiry Questions** How does media influence the questions we ask about an issue? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b.e) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) (Engaging-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e) Debatable): What is the value in seeking out arguments different from our own? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a.c) What questions are shared across cultures? (RWC10-S.1.GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and ) RWC10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) How do we know which of our values are most important? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EOg) **Unit Strands** Oral Expression and Listening, Reading for all Purposes, Writing and Composition, Research and Reasoning Concepts In content: In reading: In writing: Sources, research, inquiry, evidence, reason, Predict, infer, summarize, connections, Feedback, Word choice, Information beliefs Presentation, Sequencing, Style, Transitions, evaluation

Generalizations	Guiding Questions			
My students will Understand that	Factual	Conceptual		
Development of effective research questions and inquiry techniques leads to concise and appropriate presentation of information (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1.EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.c)	Are these sources primary or secondary? What tells us that a thesis is narrow enough to focus research but broad enough to explore a thorough argument? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.c)	How is active listening effective in productive collaboration? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)		
Active listening aids effective collaboration by minimizing conflict and increasing understanding (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)	What insights were gained from listening to the feedback from others? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)	Why feedback is critical to the process of developing ideas? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)		
Source evaluation carefully considers the validity of the information presented. (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE-1-EO.a)	Do the sources contain valuable information that is pertinent to research? Explain.(RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)	How does the quality of sources affect a presentation?		

Conventions, revision

Attention to evidence promotes successful writing revision and clarity of purpose. (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)	Which words and evidence are essential to the argument and which ones need revision?	How does revision add to effective arguments? (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d)
Effective writers and speakers <b>solicit</b> feedback to revise their ideas and writing. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.e)	How did the feedback improve thinking? What are the steps for effective proofreading?	What are the elements in effective writing? (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.c)

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)	
<ul> <li>The elements of composing effective literary techniques. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>The difference between primary and secondary sources. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1.EO.e)</li> <li>The ways in which a variety of evidence relate to the construction of an argument. (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>The role of feedback in the revision process. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>The markers of quality research and their relationship to the creation of an effective argument. (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use appropriate and varied transitions to link sections of text (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Create cohesion and clarify concepts among complex ideas. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Create speeches or research using a range of stylistic devices. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Distinguish between types of evidence (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>Use research to support purpose (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>Connect works to primary source documents. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>Determine and clarify meaning of words and phrases (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.a)</li> <li>Choose words for intended audience (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Present information clearly, concisely and logically (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Use feedback to revise. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.e)</li> <li>Rehearse presentations (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Listen actively in collaborative groups (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> </ul>	

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline.  EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."			
A student in can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement(s):		Based on sound research, which incorporated both sides of the argument, I believe whaling should be eliminated altogether.	
Academic Vocabulary:	Academic Vocabulary: Cohesion, relationships, evidence, testimony, analogy, anecdote, statistics, primary/secondary sources, research, organization, development,		
Technical Vocabulary:	Vocabulary: Stylistic devices, figurative language, poetic techniques, imagery, theme, setting, phrasing, revision, tone		

#### Curriculum Development Overview

Unit Planning for 10<sup>th</sup> Grade Reading, Writing, and Communicating

Unit Title	Disney and Dickens: Understanding Diverse Points of View		Length of Unit 4-6 Weeks	
Focusing Lens(es)	Diversity (universal themes)	Standards and Grade Level Expectations Addressed in this Unit	RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2	RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	<ul> <li>Are there really a limited number of themes in the world? (RWC10-Gr.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> <li>What are some messages that may be conveyed using only nonverbal techniques? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> <li>How do we know what we know? (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> </ul>			
Unit Strands	Oral Expression and Listening, Reading for all Purposes, Writing and Composition, Research and Reasoning			asoning
Concepts In content:		In rea	ding:	In writing:
	Diversity, Perspectives, Modes Research, Equity, Fairness	·	ze, deconstruct, synthesize, questioning, ng connections, reflection	Language/word choice, details, Topic development, sources, synthesis, revision, conclusion, support, clarity, voice, editing

Generalizations  My students will Understand that	Guiding ( Factual	Questions Conceptual
Diversity of perspectives can influence students' understanding of the relationship between style and effect. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.g)	How do these two artists use style and effect to create a diverse viewpoint? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)	How do artists use style and effect to create diverse viewpoints?
Knowledge of contextual language will enhance the personal revision process as writers seek to establish the validity of character and story components. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.d)	What word choices strengthen a particular piece of writing and create credibility?	How do artists select words and phrases to create credibility?
When researching to solve a problem, a researcher must synthesize multiple sources.(RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a)	What are the similarities and differences in these sources?	What does a writer gain in using and synthesizing multiple sources?
Various artistic media can provide diverse points of view to enhance a viewer's understanding of an event. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b)	What is the theme presented in each of these mediums?	How are universal themes presented through differing mediums?

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
<ul> <li>Research concepts (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>The writing process and steps to effective revision (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> <li>Different structures of various mediums (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> <li>Key components of a medium (scenes, lines, images) (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Determine meaning of words and phrases in a text (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Construct research to solve problems (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Utilize precise language to manage topic complexity (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Analyze various accounts by examining details and key scenes (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c; RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> <li>Identify various parts of speech to achieve understanding of the text (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Develop a fact-based topic (quotations, details, extended definitions) (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Explain relationship between author's style and literary effect (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.g)</li> <li>Justify insightful response to diverse perspectives (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> </ul>

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline.  EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."			
	The director of One Flew Over the Cuckoo's Nest lost perspective, narrative voice, and viewer connection by to omit The Chief's internal point of view.  Viewing "Breughel's Landscape with the Fall of Icarus" alongside Auden's poem, "Musee des Beaux Arts" of the viewer's understanding of human isolation.		
Academic Vocabulary:	Word choice, structure, short vs sustained research, medium, domain specific vocabulary, evaluation, creative, analyze, scene, technical,		
Technical Vocabulary:	Phrase, clause, figurative vs. lite	eral, connotation/denotation, tone, theme, genre, active/passive voice, style, literary effect, figurative language	

#### Curriculum Development Overview

Unit Planning for 10<sup>th</sup> Grade Reading, Writing, and Communicating

Unit Title	E Pluribus Unum		Length of Unit	1-6 weeks
Focusing Lens(es)	Cultural Concepts (Heroism)	Standards and Grade Level Expectations Addressed in this Unit	RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE-1 RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3	RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	<ul> <li>How does language limit or add to our understanding of a story? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Which has greater value, the individual or the group? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>How do stories reflect the beliefs of a culture? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> </ul>			
Unit Strands	Oral Expression and Listening, Reading for all Purposes, Writing and Composition, Research and Reasoning			
Concepts	In content:	In	reading:	In writing:
	Collaborate, culture, heroism, of values, expectations, relationsh		versity, influences, deconstruction, analysis, mpare/contrast	Editing, evidence, synthesizing, vocabulary, grammar

Generalizations	Guiding Questions	
My students will Understand that	Factual	Conceptual
Collaboration around analysis of textual evidence allows students to examine and convey complex ideas. (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)	What figures of speech does the author use? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.b) What does the author do to create the characters in this text? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.g) In what ways does the setting promote understanding? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b)	Why is collaboration important? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) How can theme transcend time and place? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) How does conflict reveal theme (s)? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.f)
Understand authors' word choice, meaning and nuance can inform a student's own narrative technique. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)	What is the difference between the connotative and denotative meanings within the text? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.e) Which vocabulary/word choices impact the tone of the story? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)	How does personal word choice affect meaning? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b; RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.a) How does word meaning change through time? (RWC10-GR.1-S.2-GLE.2-EO.e; RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f; RWC10-GR.1-S.2-GLE.3-EO.c)

The comparison of multiple texts can reveal the societal influences and cultural experiences of the author (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a; RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)	What societal values are seen in the main character? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.b) In comparing the two texts what are the cultural differences? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)	How does setting influence understanding of cultural values? (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a) What insights can be gained from the comparison of differing texts on the same topic? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.2-EO.a) How does the story's setting influence the author's argument? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.e) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.g)
Collaborative discussions and the diversity they reveal aid individuals' observational abilities. (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)	What current societal values are reflected within the text? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a) What differences of ideas develop through your discussion?	What benefit is derived from understanding different cultures? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) How does discussion of diverse cultures help us better understand our own perspectives? How do cultural values influence our reading of the text? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.b) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.g.i)

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
<ul> <li>Narrative effects and outcomes that result from either the writer's real or imagined experience(s) (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Good discussions' relationship to textual evidence (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>The technological devices or programs to aid writing (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.f)</li> <li>Fundamentals of grammar and writing (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.a &amp; b)</li> <li>Word meaning using context or resources (RWC10-GR10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.b)</li> <li>The methods of reading for different purpose(s) and understanding(s) (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.g)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Come to discussion prepared; read and research material; refer to evidence from text (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2.a)</li> <li>Determine meaning of words and phrases; analyze impact of word choice (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Read and comprehend literary non-fiction (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.g)</li> <li>Analyze nuance in word meaning with similar denotation (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.b)</li> <li>Interpret figures of speech and analyze their role in the text (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.b)</li> <li>Write a developed narrative based upon experience or events (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Write an informative text (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Demonstrate command of standard English and conventions (RWC10-GR&gt;10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.a &amp; b)</li> <li>Produce clear and coherent writing (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.d)</li> <li>Use technology to produce writing (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.f)</li> </ul>

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline.  EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."		
A student in can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement(s):  Beowulf reflects the values of Anglo-Saxon culture through his actions and speech.  A Classic Hero reflects his or her societal values through both action and speech.  The heroic archetype demonstrates themes that are universal throughout literature and cultures.		
Academic Vocabulary:	Analyze, Diversity, Interpret, Apply, Culture, Value, Inferences, Conventions and Grammar, Society, Technology, Observation, Collaboration, Nuance, Evidence	
Technical Vocabulary:	Classic Hero, Tragic Hero, Epic, Quest, Archetype, Plot, Hubris, Catharsis, Hamartia, Characterization, Climax, Setting, Exposition, Rising Action, Denouement, Resolution, Irony, Motif, Symbol, Theme, Conflict, Foil, Antagonist, Protagonist, Connotation, Denotation, Figurative Language, Tone, Narrative, Euphemism, Figures of Speech	

Unit Title	Seeking Justice Length of Unit		4-6 weeks	
Focusing Lens(es)	Justice/Power	Standards and Grade Level Expectations Addressed in this Un	RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2	RWC10-GR.10-S.3.GLE.1 RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3 RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1
Inquiry Questions (Engaging- Debatable):	<ul> <li>Why do some authors feel compelled to be social critics? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.f) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.a)</li> <li>Are there a limited number of themes in the world? (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)</li> <li>How can two works differ and be valid at the same time? (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> </ul>			
Unit Strands	Oral Expression and Listening, Reading for all Purposes, Writing and Composition, Research and Reasoning			
Concepts	In content:	1	In reading:	In writing:
	Justice, fairness, validity, reaso evidence, listening, proof, colla	=	Inference, discussion, evaluation, predicting, analysis,	Rhetoric, precision, word choice, language, editing, citations, narrative techniques,

Generalizations My students will Understand that	Guiding ( Factual	Questions Conceptual
An author's social commentary creates themes they hope will transcend culture and time (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)	What lessons from the text are relevant today (e.g. Night)?	What are the cross-cultural elements inherent in genocide? What is the role of the artist within society?
Clear, goal oriented agendas create purposeful collaborative discussions and writing conferences (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.3-EO.e)	What elements of the agenda were met in the discussion?	How is peer editing beneficial to the writing process?  How does group discussion illuminate existing themes in comparative texts?
Textual evidence should drive thematic discussions (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)	In discussingand what themes are evident in both?	How is specific evidence important to understanding the theme?
Clear rhetoric and precise vocabulary enable valid reasoning (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.g) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.b)	Does the conclusion match the thesis?  How would more effective vocabulary improve the argument?	In what ways does reasoning and rhetoric strengthen an argument? (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.a)

Critical Content: My students will Know	Key Skills: My students will be able to (Do)
<ul> <li>Specific ways in which authors contribute to society through literature (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> <li>Ideas and concepts manifest across multiple texts (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2EO.d)</li> <li>The relationship between effective reading and the drawing of inferences (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)</li> <li>Various and diverse reference materials for idea validation (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)</li> <li>Different organizational patterns necessary for varied writing purposes (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Collaborative discussion role in idea development and refinement (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.b)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Evaluate contribution to society made by traditional, classic, and contemporary works of literature (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.d)</li> <li>Compare the development of an idea or concept in multiple texts (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.2-EO.d)</li> <li>Comprehend literature and non-fiction at the high end of 9-10 (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.1-EO.h)</li> <li>Verify inferences of word and phrase meaning (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)</li> <li>Consult reference materials to verify meaning (RWC10-GR.10-S.2-GLE.3-EO.a)</li> <li>Select organizational patterns and structures (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.1-EO.b)</li> <li>Initiate, propel, facilitate, and contribute to discussions (RWC10-GR.10-S.1-GLE.2-EO.a)</li> <li>Use parenthetical citations to document sources (RWC10-GR.10-S.4-GLE.1-EO.f)</li> <li>Create a well organized analysis and use a variety of strategies to evaluate whether writing is presented well. (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.2-EO.a) and (RWC10-GR.10-S.3-GLE.1-EO.c)</li> </ul>

Critical Language: includes the Academic and Technical vocabulary, semantics, and discourse which are particular to and necessary for accessing a given discipline.  EXAMPLE: A student in Language Arts can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement: "Mark Twain exposes the hypocrisy of slavery through the use of satire."		
A student in can demonstrate the ability to apply and comprehend critical language through the following statement(s):  Huckleberry Finn expresses many of the principles found in Thoreau's Civil Disobedience.  Wiesel's narrative of The Holocaust can be reflected in the accounts of displacement and genocide seen in contemporary non-fiction.		
Academic Vocabulary:	Analysis, reasoning, evidence, society, justice, classic, contemporary, evidence, inference, reference materials, organization, collaboration, persuasion, conclusions, facilitate, active listening	
Technical Vocabulary:	Dictionary, glossary, thesaurus, etymology, theme, symbolism, genre, motif, plot, characterization, imagery	