Content Area: Science Standard: Life Science

Prepared Graduates:

> Analyze how various organisms grow, develop, and differentiate during their lifetimes based on an interplay between genetics and their environment

Grade Level Expectation: First Grade

Concepts and skills students master:

1. Offspring have characteristics that are similar to but not exactly like their parents' characteristics

Evidence Outcomes

Students can:

- Use evidence to analyze similarities and differences between parents and offspring in a variety of organisms including both plants and animals
- b. Analyze and interpret data regarding the similarities and differences between parents and offspring
- c. Question peers about evidence used in developing ideas about similarities and differences between parents and offspring
- d. Interpret information represented in pictures, illustrations, and simple charts

21st Century Skills and Readiness Competencies

Inquiry Questions:

- How are you like your parents?
- In what ways do offspring resemble their parents?

Relevance and Application:

- Diversity or variation exists within populations of living organisms.
- Family photographs often reveal similar physical traits.
- Parents eye color can be different their child's.

Nature of Science:

- Compare and contrast data, recognizing that this is a process scientists would do in their work.
- Question peers about the evidence used in developing their ideas about the similarities and differences between parents and offspring.

Content Area: Science Standard: Physical Science

Prepared Graduates:

> Apply an understanding of atomic and molecular structure to explain the properties of matter, and predict outcomes of chemical and nuclear reactions

Grade Level Expectation: First Grade

Concepts and skills students master:

1. Solids and liquids have unique properties that distinguish them

Evidence Outcomes

Students can:

- a. Analyze and interpret observations about solids and liquids and their unique properties
- Identify the similarities and differences of two or more groups of solids or liquids
- c. Classify solids and liquids based on their properties, and justify your choice based on evidence

21st Century Skills and Readiness Competencies

Inquiry Questions:

- What do all liquids have in common? What are some differences they can have and still be considered liquids?
- What do all solids have in common? What are some differences they can have and still be considered solids?
- What properties of liquids can be used to sort them?
- What properties of solids can be used to sort them?

Relevance and Application:

- The properties of solids and liquids help us understand how to use matter. For example, we not build a bridge out of tissue because it is not strong enough.
- There are practical reasons for sorting liquids or solids.

Nature of Science:

- Share results of experiments with others.
- Recognize that observations are an important part of science.
- Conduct collaborative experiments.