

**Advanced – Performance Level 4 (Score range: 652 to 920)**

Students identify properties of exponents; describe geometric relationships using equations; solve systems of linear equations; apply multiple representations to functions; determine, use measures of variability, central tendency in context; create, use lines of best fit; describe data using graphs, equations; calculate probability of events; apply the Pythagorean theorem; calculate volume; relate changes in dimensions to perimeter, area, volume; use appropriate tools,, scale factors, unit conversions to find unknown measurements, use estimation, coordinate grids, right triangle properties to solve problems.

**Proficient – Performance Level 3 (Score range: 602 to 651)**

Students use estimation to find reasonable solutions; translate numbers from standard notional to scientific notation; convert between functional representations; evaluate formulas, create, interpret graphs or functional relationships; use data displays to represent, make claims about sets of data; determine probability; identify coordinate solutions to geometry problems, visualize transformations of figures; apply knowledge of perimeter relationships; use appropriate tools, scale factor to find unknown measurements, use computational methods, proportional thinking to solve problems involving rational numbers.

**Partially Proficient – Performance Level 2 (Score range: 548 to 601)**

Student translate written relationships into equations; use graphs to identify maximum and minimum values within a given domain; apply fundamental counting principle to determine possible outcomes; use appropriate techniques to compute with integers.

**Unsatisfactory – Performance Level 1 (Score range: 340 to 547)**

Students work backwards to solve problems, read, interpret, compare data displays, use appropriate techniques to compute with whole numbers in basic single-step problems.



Advanced	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Unsatisfactory
<p><b>Standard 1</b> Students demonstrate exceptional use of number sense and use of numbers by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Recognizing the properties of exponents</li></ul> <p>Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of number sense and use of numbers by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Using properties of exponents to express ratios between two numbers written in scientific notation</li><li>• Using the properties of exponents to apply the operation "to the power of"</li></ul>	<p><b>Standard 1</b> Students demonstrate use of number sense and use of numbers by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Estimating the reasonableness of solutions involving rational numbers</li><li>• Translating numbers from standard notation to scientific notation</li></ul>	<p><b>Standard 1</b> No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>	<p><b>Standard 1</b> No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>



Advanced	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Unsatisfactory
<p><b>Standard 2</b>            Students demonstrate exceptional use of algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Representing functional relationships in multiple ways</li> <li>• Expressing the perimeter of geometric figures algebraically</li> <li>• Determining the solution to simple systems of equations using graphing</li> <li>• Solving problems using algebraic methods</li> <li>• Modeling real-world situations using equations</li> </ul>           Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Modeling real-world situations using patterns and equations</li> <li>• Solving simple systems of equations using algebraic methods</li> <li>• Identifying and interpreting x- and y-intercepts in the context of problems</li> <li>• Solving problems involving comparison of rates</li> <li>• Solving for the independent variable when given the dependent variable</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 2</b>            Students demonstrate use of algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Converting from one functional representation to another</li> <li>• Representing functional relationships using an equation or table</li> <li>• Evaluating formulas</li> <li>• Interpreting graphical representations of real-world situations</li> <li>• Graphing functional relationships</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 2</b>            Students demonstrate limited use of algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Translating written relationships into equations</li> <li>• Using graphs to identify the maximum and minimum within given domains</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 2</b>            Students demonstrate minimal use of algebraic methods to explore, model, and describe patterns and functions by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Working backwards to solve problems</li> </ul> </p>



Advanced	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Unsatisfactory
<p><b>Standard 3</b>            Students demonstrate exceptional use of data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determining measures of central tendency from graphed data</li> <li>• Determining the effects of additional data on measures of variability and central tendency</li> <li>• Drawing lines of best fit to make predictions about data</li> </ul>           Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Describing how data can be used to support more than one position</li> <li>• Determining quartiles</li> <li>• Determining the probability of dependent and independent events</li> <li>• Determining appropriate measures of central tendency from given data in the context of problems</li> <li>• Using permutations to solve real-world problems</li> <li>• Applying understanding of the relationship among measures of central tendency</li> <li>• Determining equations to represent lines of best fit</li> <li>• Interpreting, interpolating, and extrapolating using lines of best fit in real-world situations</li> <li>• Interpreting measures of variability in problem-solving situations</li> <li>• Interpreting slope in the context of problems</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 3</b>            Students demonstrate use of data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using appropriate data displays to represent and describe sets of data</li> <li>• Determining the probability of identified events using the sample spaces</li> <li>• Describing how data can be used to support claims</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 3</b>            Students demonstrate limited use of data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using counting strategies to determine the possible outcomes of a process</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 3</b>            Students demonstrate minimal use of data collection and analysis, statistics, and probability by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Reading, interpreting, and comparing displays of data</li> </ul> </p>

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<p><b>Standard 4</b>            Students demonstrate exceptional use of geometric concepts, properties, and relationships by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrating how changing dimensions and shapes of simple figures affects their perimeters</li> <li>• Calculating the volume of simple geometric solids</li> <li>• Applying the concept of slope to locate points on a coordinate grid</li> <li>• Recognizing the relationship between the areas and sides of simple figures</li> <li>• Determining how a change in the dimensions or shape of a figure affects perimeter</li> <li>• Applying the Pythagorean theorem in real-world situations</li> <li>• Recognizing angle relationships within figures</li> </ul>           Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of geometric concepts, properties, and relationships by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Determining maximum and minimum perimeter values when the dimensions of figures are changed</li> <li>• Representing irrational numbers and their squares geometrically</li> <li>• Explaining the relationship between the areas and sides of simple figures</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 4</b>            Students demonstrate use of geometric concepts, properties, and relationships by           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Using coordinate geometry to solve problems involving the midpoint of a segment</li> <li>• Using transformation concepts to identify relationships between parts of figures</li> <li>• Applying knowledge of perimeters in problem-solving situations</li> </ul> </p>	<p><b>Standard 4</b>            No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>	<p><b>Standard 4</b>            No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>



Advanced	Proficient	Partially Proficient	Unsatisfactory
<p><b>Standard 5</b> Students demonstrate exceptional use of a variety of tools and techniques to measure by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Modeling rate of change in real-world situations involving different units</li> <li>Using appropriate measurement tools and scale factors to calculate rates of change in multistep problems</li> <li>Explaining methods for finding the area of triangles using the Pythagorean theorem</li> <li>Describing the change in volume of a shape that results from changing one attribute of that shape</li> </ul> <p>Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of a variety of tools and techniques to measure by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Calculating and justifying solutions to geometric problems requiring the use of the Pythagorean theorem</li> <li>Using measurements to indirectly solve problems involving surface area</li> </ul>	<p><b>Standard 5</b> Students demonstrate use of a variety of tools and techniques to measure by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using appropriate measurement tools and scale factors to find unknown measurements</li> </ul>	<p><b>Standard 5</b> No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>	<p><b>Standard 5</b> No evidence of this standard at this performance level.</p>
<p><b>Standard 6</b> Students demonstrate exceptional use of computational techniques in problem-solving situations by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Converting from one set of units to another</li> <li>Selecting and using operations in problem-solving situations involving whole numbers and percents</li> </ul> <p>Students may also demonstrate exceptional use of computational techniques in problem-solving situations by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Selecting and using operations in multistep problems involving percents and proportional thinking</li> </ul>	<p><b>Standard 6</b> Students demonstrate use of computational techniques in problem-solving situations by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Using proportional thinking in problem-solving situations</li> <li>Computing using rational numbers</li> <li>Selecting and using operations to solve problems involving rational numbers and percents</li> </ul>	<p><b>Standard 6</b> Students demonstrate limited use of computational techniques in problem-solving situations by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Computing with integers</li> </ul>	<p><b>Standard 6</b> Students demonstrate minimal use of computational techniques in problem-solving situations by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Computing with whole numbers in basic single-step problems</li> </ul>