# CONSOLIDATED STATE PERFORMANCE REPORT: Parts I and II <br> for <br> STATE FORMULA GRANT PROGRAMS <br> under the <br> ELEMENTARY AND SECONDARY EDUCATION ACT <br> As amended in 2001 

For reporting on
School Year 2016-17
COLORADO


Part I Due Thursday, December 14, 2017
Part II DUE Thursday, February 15, 2018
U.S. Department of Education WASHINGTON, DC 20202

## INTRODUCTION

Sections 9302 and 9303 of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended in 2001 provide to States the option of applying for and reporting on multiple ESEA programs through a single consolidated application and report. Although a central, practical purpose of the Consolidated State Application and Report is to reduce "red tape" and burden on States, the Consolidated State Application and Report are also intended to have the important purpose of encouraging the integration of State, local, and ESEA programs in comprehensive planning and service delivery and enhancing the likelihood that the State will coordinate planning and service delivery across multiple State and local programs. The combined goal of all educational agencies-State, local, and Federal-is a more coherent, well-integrated educational plan that will result in improved teaching and learning. The Consolidated State Application and Report includes the following ESEA programs:
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- Title VI, Section 6111 - Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities
- Title VI, Part B - Rural Education Achievement Program
- Title X, Part C - Education for Homeless Children and Youths

The ESEA Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) for school year (SY) 2016-17 consists of two Parts, Part I and Part II.

## PART I

Part I of the CSPR requests information related to the five ESEA Goals, established in the June 2002 Consolidated State Application, and information required for the Annual State Report to the Secretary, as described in Section 1111(h)(4) of the ESEA. The five ESEA Goals established in the June 2002 Consolidated State Application are:

1 Performance Goal 1: By SY 2016-17, all students will reach high standards, at a minimum attaining proficiency or better in reading/language arts and mathematics.
। Performance Goal 2: All limited English proficient students will become proficient in English and reach high academic standards, at a minimum attaining proficiency or better in reading/language arts and mathematics.
। Performance Goal 3: By SY 2005-06, all students will be taught by highly qualified teachers.
। Performance Goal 4: All students will be educated in learning environments that are safe, drug free, and conducive to learning.
। Performance Goal 5: All students will graduate from high school.
Beginning with the CSPR SY 2005-06 collection, the Education of Homeless Children and Youths was added. The Migrant Child count was added for the SY 2006-07 collection.

## PART II

Part II of the CSPR consists of information related to State activities and outcomes of specific ESEA programs. While the information requested varies from program to program, the specific information requested for this report meets the following criteria:

1. The information is needed for Department program performance plans or for other program needs.
2. The information is not available from another source, including program evaluations pending full implementation of required EDFacts submission.
3. The information will provide valid evidence of program outcomes or results.

## GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS AND TIMELINES

All States that received funding on the basis of the Consolidated State Application for the SY 2016-17 must respond to this Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR). Part I of the Report is due to the Department by Thursday, December 14, 2017. Part II of the Report is due to the Department by Thursday, February 15, 2018. Both Part I and Part II should reflect data from the SY 2016-17, unless otherwise noted.

The format states will use to submit the Consolidated State Performance Report has changed to an online submission starting with SY 2004-05. This online submission system is being developed through the Education Data Exchange Network (EDEN) and will make the submission process less burdensome. Please see the following section on transmittal instructions for more information on how to submit this year's Consolidated State Performance Report.

## TRANSMITTAL INSTRUCTIONS

The Consolidated State Performance Report (CSPR) data will be collected online from the SEAs, using the EDEN web site. The EDEN web site will be modified to include a separate area (sub-domain) for CSPR data entry. This area will utilize EDEN formatting to the extent possible and the data will be entered in the order of the current CSPR forms. The data entry screens will include or provide access to all instructions and notes on the current CSPR forms; additionally, an effort will be made to design the screens to balance efficient data collection and reduction of visual clutter.

Initially, a state user will log onto EDEN and be provided with an option that takes him or her to the "SY 2016-17 CSPR". The main CSPR screen will allow the user to select the section of the CSPR that he or she needs to either view or enter data. After selecting a section of the CSPR, the user will be presented with a screen or set of screens where the user can input the data for that section of the CSPR. A user can only select one section of the CSPR at a time. After a state has included all available data in the designated sections of a particular CSPR Part, a lead state user will certify that Part and transmit it to the Department. Once a Part has been transmitted, ED will have access to the data. States may still make changes or additions to the transmitted data, by creating an updated version of the CSPR. Detailed instructions for transmitting the SY 2016-17 CSPR will be found on the main CSPR page of the EDEN web site (https://EDEN.ED.GOV/EDENPortal/).


| Patrick Chapman |  |
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| Signature |  |

# CONSOLIDATED STATE PERFORMANCE REPORT PART I 

## For reporting on <br> School Year 2016-17

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Part I Due December 14, 2017
5PM EST

### 1.1 Standards and Assessment Development

This section requests descriptions of the State's implementation of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act (ESEA), as amended, academic content standards, academic achievement standards and assessments to meet the requirements of Section 1111(b)(1) of ESEA.

### 1.1.1 Academic Content Standards

Indicate below whether your state has made or is planning to make revisions to or change the State's academic content standards in mathematics, reading/language arts or science since the State's content standards were most recently approved through ED's peer review process for State assessment systems. If yes, indicate specifically in what school year your State implemented or will implement the revisions or changes.

| Response | Options |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | No revisions or changes to academic content standards in mathematics,reading/language arts or science made <br> or planned. |
| State has revised or changed | State has revised or changed its academic content standards in mathematics, reading/language arts or science <br> or is planning to make revisions to or change its academic content standards in mathematics, reading/language <br> arts or science. Indicate below the year these changes were or will be implemented or "Not Applicable" to indicate <br> that changes were not made or will not be made in the subject area. |

Acceptable responses are a school year (e.g., 2016-17) or Not Applicable.

| Academic Content Standards | Mathematics | Reading/Language Arts | Science |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Academic Content Standards | SY 2018-19 | SY 2018 -19 | SY 2018-19 |

If the responses above do not fully describe revisions or changes to your State's academic content standards, describe the revisions or changes below.
The response is limited to 1,000 characters.
Colorado will be adopting new standards in the above subjects by July 2018 per SB 08-212. However, this CAP4K statute specifies a 2 -year transition process, such that implementation would not begin until 2020-2021. For more information about this review and revision cycle, go to
https://www.cde.state.co.us/standardsandinstruction/standards-revision-cycle.

### 1.1.1.1 Academic Achievement Standards in Mathematics, Reading/Language Arts and Science

Indicate below whether your state has changed or is planning to change the State's academic achievement standards in mathematics, reading/language arts or science since the State's academic achievement standards were most recently approved through ED's peer review process for State assessment systems. If yes, indicate specifically in what school year your State implemented or will implement the changes.

As applicable, include changes to academic achievement standards based on any assessments (e.g., alternate assessments based on alternate achievement standards, alternate assessments based on modified achievement standards, native language assessments, or others) implemented to meet the assessment requirements under Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA.

| Response | Options |
| :---: | :--- |
|  | No revisions or changes to academic achievement standards in mathematics,reading/language <br> arts or science made or planned. |
|  |  |
| No Revisions or changes | State <br> achievement standards in mathematics, reading/language arts or science. Indicate below either <br> the school year in which these changes were or will be implemented or "Not Applicable" to indicate <br> that changes were not made or will not be made in the subject area. |

Acceptable responses are a school year (e.g., 2016-17) or Not Applicable.

| Academic Achievement Standards for | Mathematics | Reading/Language Arts |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Regular Assessments in Grades 3-8 | N/A | N/A | Science |
| Regular Assessments in High School | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Grade-Level <br> Achievement Standards (if applicable) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Modified Achievement <br> Standards (if applicable) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Alternate Achievement <br> Standards | N/A | N/A | N/A |

If the responses above do not fully describe revisions or changes to your State's academic achievement standards, describe the revisions or changes below.

The response is limited to 1,000 characters.

### 1.1.2 Assessments in Mathematics, Reading/Language Arts and Science

Indicate below whether your state has changed or is planning to change the States academic assessments in mathematics, reading/language arts or science since the States academic assessments were most recently approved through ED"s peer review process for State assessment systems. If yes, indicate specifically in what school year your State implemented or will implement the changes.

As applicable, include any assessments (e.g., alternate assessments based on alternate achievement standards, alternate assessments based on modified achievement standards, native language assessments, or others) implemented to meet the assessment requirements under Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA.

| Response | Options |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | No changes to assessments in mathematics, reading/language arts or science made or planned. |
| No Revisions or changes | State has changed or is planning to change its assessments in mathematics, reading/language arts or science. Indicate below the year these changes were implemented or "Not Applicable" to indicate that changes were not made or will not be made in the subject area. |

Acceptable responses are a school year (e.g., 2016-17) or Not Applicable.

| Academic Assessments | Mathematics | Reading/Language Arts |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Regular Assessments in Grades 3-8 | N/A | N/A | Science |
| Regular Assessments in High School | N/A | N/A |  |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Grade-Level Achievement <br> Standards (if applicable) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Modified Achievement <br> Standards (if applicable) | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| Alternate Assessments Based on Alternate Achievement <br> Standards | N/A | N/A | N/A |

If the responses above do not fully describe revisions or changes to your State's academic achievement standards, describe the revisions or changes below.

The response is limited to 1,000 characters.

### 1.1.3 Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities

### 1.1.3.1 Percentages of Funds Used for Standards and Assessment Development and Other Purposes

For funds your State had available under ESEA section 6111 (Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities) during SY 2016-17, estimate what percentage of the funds your State used for the following (round to the nearest ten percent).

| Purpose | Percentage (rounded to the <br> nearest ten percent) |
| :--- | :--- |
| To pay the costs of the development of the State assessments and standards required by Section 1111(b) | 30.00 |
| To administer assessments required by Section 111(b) or to carry out other activities described in section 6111 and other <br> activities related to ensuring that the State's schools and local educational agencies are held accountable for the results | 70.00 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.1.3.2 Uses of Funds for Purposes Other than Standards and Assessment Development

For funds your State had available under ESEA section 6111 (Grants for State Assessments and Related Activities) during SY 2016-17 that were used for purposes other than the costs of the development of the State assessments and standards required by section 1111(b), for what purposes did your State use the funds? (Enter "yes" for all that apply and "no" for all that do not apply).

|  | Used for <br> Purpose <br> (yes/no) |
| :--- | :---: |
| Purpose |  |
| Administering assessments required by Section 1111(b) <br> Developing challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards and aligned assessments in academic <br> subjects for which standards and assessments are not required by Section 1111(b) | Yes |
| Developing or improving assessments of English language proficiency necessary to comply with Section 1111(b)(7) |  |
| Ensuring the continued validity and reliability of State assessments, and/or refining State assessments to ensure their continued alignment <br> with the State's academic content standards and to improve the alignment of curricula and instructional materials | Yes |
| Developing multiple measures to increase the reliability and validity of State assessment systems |  |
| Strengthening the capacity of local educational agencies and schools to provide all students the opportunity to increase educational <br> achievement, including carrying out professional development activities aligned with State student academic achievement standards and <br> assessments | Ye |
| Expanding the range of accommodations available to students with limited English proficiency and students with disabilities (IDEA) to <br> improve the rates of inclusion of such students, including professional development activities aligned with State academic achievement <br> standards and assessments |  |
| lmproving the dissemination of information on student achievement and school performance to parents and the community, including the <br> development of information and reporting systems designed to identify best educational practices based on scientifically based research or <br> to assist in linking records of student achievement, length of enrollment, and graduation over time | Yes |
| Other | Yes |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. | No |

### 1.2 Participation in State Assessment ${ }^{2}$

This section collects data on the participation of students in the State assessments.
Note: States are not required to report these data by the racial/ethnic groups shown in the table below; instead, they are required to report these data by the major racial and ethnic groups that are identified in their Accountability Workbooks. The charts below display racial/ethnic data that have been mapped from the major racial and ethnic groups identified in their workbooks to the racial/ethnic groups shown.
${ }^{2}$ The " Asian/Pacific Islander" row in the tables below represent either the value reported by the state to the Department of Education for the major racial and ethnic group "Asian/Pacific Islander" or an aggregation of values reported by the state for the major racial and ethnic groups "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander or Pacific Islander" (and "Filipino" in the case of California). When the values reported in the Asian/Pacific Islander row represent the U. S. Department of Education aggregation of other values reported by the state, the detail for "Asian" and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" are also included in the following rows. Disaggregated reporting for assessment participation data is done according to the provisions outlined within each state's Accountability Workbook. Accordingly, not every state uses major racial and ethnic groups which enable detail of Asian American/Pacific Islander (AAPI) populations.

### 1.2.1 Participation of All Students in Mathematics Assessment

In the table below, provide the number of students enrolled during the State's testing window for mathematics assessments required under Section 1111(b) (3) of ESEA (regardless of whether the students were present for a full academic year) and the number of students who participated in the mathematics assessment in accordance with ESEA. The percentage of students who were tested for mathematics will be calculated automatically.

The student group "children with disabilities (IDEA)" includes children who participated in the regular assessments with or without accommodations and alternate assessments. Do not include former students with disabilities (IDEA). Do not include students only covered under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

The student group "limited English proficient (LEP) students" includes recently arrived students who have attended schools in the United States for fewer than 12 months. Do not include former LEP students.

| Student Group | \# Students Enrolled | \# Students Participating | Percentage of Students Participating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 470,921 | 423,980 | 90.03 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 3,518 | 3,151 | 89.57 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 16,103 | 14,889 | 92.46 |
| Asian | 14,932 | 13,812 | 92.50 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 1,171 | 1,077 | 91.97 |
| Black or African American | 21,329 | 19,941 | 93.49 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 159,706 | 93.94 |  |
| White | 251,220 | 87.15 |  |
| Two or more races | 18,965 | 89.45 |  |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 52,120 | 87.75 |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 58,914 | 96,942 | 96.69 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 203,388 | 45,737 | 93.25 |
| Migratory students | 1,775 | 56,965 | 96.06 |
| Male | 241,890 | 189,656 | 90.48 |
| Female | 1,705 | 89.56 |  |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Discrepancies around the sum of male/female students or ethnic/racial groups not equaling the total number of students exactly is due to occasional failures to mark gender or race/ethnicity on the test form. Colorado statute allows parents to exclude their children from assessment participation without penalty. The increased number of students identified as Migrant was due to an overall increase in the number of identified eligible migrant students. Improved collaboration and relations with school districts resulted in more migrant students being identified.

### 1.2.2 Participation of Students with Disabilities (IDEA) in Mathematics Assessment

In the table below, provide the number of children with disabilities (IDEA) participating during the State's testing window in mathematics assessments required under Section 1111 (b)(3) of ESEA (regardless of whether the children were present for a full academic year) by the type of assessment. The percentage of children with disabilities (IDEA) who participated in the mathematics assessment for each assessment option will be calculated automatically. The total number of children with disabilities (IDEA) participating will also be calculated automatically.

The data provided below should include mathematics participation data from all students with disabilities as defined under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Do not include former students with disabilities (IDEA). Do not include students only covered under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

| Type of Assessment | \# Children with <br> Disabilities (IDEA) <br> Participating | Percentage of Children with Disabilities (IDEA) Participating, Who <br> Took the Specified Assessment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Regular Assessment without Accommodations | 9,583 | 20.95 |
| Regular Assessment with Accommodations | 31,987 | 69.94 |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Grade-Level <br> Achievement Standards |  |  |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Modified <br> Achievement Standards |  | 9.11 |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Alternate <br> Achievement Standards | 4,167 |  |
| Total | 45,737 | $/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /$ |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not administer alternate assessments based on grade-level achievement

### 1.2.3 Participation of All Students in the Reading/Language Arts Assessment

This section is similar to 1.2.1 and collects data on the State's reading/language arts assessment.

| Student Group | \# Students Enrolled | \# Students Participating | Percentage of Students Participating |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 470,981 | 424,428 | 90.12 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 3,519 | 3,159 | 89.77 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 16,110 | 14,909 | 92.55 |
| Asian | 14,930 | 13,818 | 92.55 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 1,180 | 1,091 | 92.46 |
| Black or African American | 21,341 | 19,964 | 93.55 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 159,712 | 94.01 |  |
| White | 251,241 | 87.23 |  |
| Two or more races | 18,974 | 89.64 |  |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 52,132 | 87.73 |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 58,936 | 96.71 |  |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 203,435 | 17,008 | 93.27 |
| Migratory students | 1,773 | 45,736 | 96.22 |
| Male | 241,902 | 18,999 | 90.53 |
| Female | 229,079 | 1,709 | 89.67 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Discrepancies around the sum of male/female students or ethnic/racial groups not equaling the total number of students exactly is due to occasional failures to mark gender or race/ethnicity on the test form. Colorado statute allows parents to exclude their children from assessment participation without penalty. The increased number of students identified as Migrant was due to an overall increase in the number of identified eligible migrant students. Improved collaboration and relations with school districts resulted in more migrant students being identified.

### 1.2.3.1 Recently Arrived LEP Students Taking ELP Assessments in Lieu of Reading/Language Arts Assessments

In the table below, provide the number of recently arrived LEP students (as defined in 34 C.F.R. Part 200.6(b)(4)) included in the participation counts in 1.2 .3 who took an assessment of English language proficiency in lieu of the State's reading/language arts assessment, as permitted under 34 C.F.R. Part 200.20.

| Recently Arrived LEP Students |  | \# |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Recently arrived LEP students who took an <br> assessment of English language proficiency in lieu <br> of the State's reading/language arts assessment | 679 |  |

### 1.2.4 Participation of Students with Disabilities (IDEA) in Reading/Language Arts Assessment

This section is similar to 1.2.2 and collects data on the State's reading/language arts assessment.

The data provided should include reading/language arts participation data from all students with disabilities as defined under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Do not include former students with disabilities (IDEA). Do not include students only covered under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.
Note: For this question only, report on students with disabilities (IDEA) who are also LEP students in the U.S. less than 12 months who took the ELP in lieu of the statewide reading/language arts assessment.

| Type of Assessment | \# Children with <br> Disabilities (IDEA) <br> Participating | Percentage of Children with Disabilities (IDEA) Participating, Who <br> Took the Specified Assessment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Regular Assessment without Accommodations | 16,401 | 35.86 |
| Regular Assessment with Accommodations | 25,148 | 54.99 |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Grade-Level <br> Achievement Standards |  |  |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Modified <br> Achievement Standards |  | 9.12 |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Alternate <br> Achievement Standards | 4,172 | 0.03 |
| LEP < 12 months, took ELP | 15 |  |
| Total | 45,736 | $/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /$ |
| Comman |  |  |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not administer alternate assessments based on grade-level or modified achievement standards.

### 1.2.5 Participation of All Students in the Science Assessment

This section is similar to 1.2.1 and collects data on the State's science assessment.

| Student Group | \# Students Enrolled | \# Students Participating | Percentage of Students Participating |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students | 195,930 | 157,574 | 80.42 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 1,452 | 1,203 | 82.85 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 6,854 | 5,541 | 80.84 |
| Asian | 6,373 | 5,136 | 80.59 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 481 | 405 | 84.20 |
| Black or African American | 8,954 | 7,551 | 84.33 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 64,601 | 56,471 | 87.42 |
| White | 106,613 | 80,957 | 75.94 |
| Two or more races | 7,419 | 5,819 | 78.43 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 20,039 | 16,352 | 81.60 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 19,267 | 17,999 | 93.42 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 78,407 | 68,302 | 87.11 |
| Migratory students | 675 | 627 | 92.89 |
| Male | 99,928 | 81,463 | 81.52 |
| Female | 96,002 | 76,111 | 79.28 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado statute allows parents to exclude their children from assessment participation without penalty. The increased number of students identified as Migrant was due to an overall increase in the number of identified eligible migrant students.
Improved collaboration and relations with school districts resulted in more migrant students being identified.

### 1.2.6 Participation of Students with Disabilities (IDEA) in Science Assessment

This section is similar to 1.2.2 and collects data on the State's science assessment.
The data provided should include science participation results from all students with disabilities as defined under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA). Do not include former students with disabilities (IDEA). Do not include students only covered under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973.

|  | \# Children with <br> Disabilities (IDEA) <br> Participating | Percentage of Children with Disabilities (IDEA) Participating, Who <br> Took the Specified Assessment |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Type of Assessment | 29.54 |  |
| Regular Assessment without Accommodations | 4,831 | 60.26 |
| Regular Assessment with Accommodations | 9,853 |  |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Grade-Level <br> Achievement Standards |  |  |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Modified <br> Achievement Standards |  | 10.20 |
| Alternate Assessment Based on Alternate <br> Achievement Standards | 1,668 | $/ / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / / /$ |
| Total | 16,352 |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not administer alternate assessments based on grade-level or modified <br> achievement standards. |  |  |

### 1.3 Student Academic Achievement ${ }^{3}$

This section collects data on student academic achievement on the State assessments.
Note: States are not required to report these data by the racial/ethnic groups shown in the table below; instead, they are required to report these data by the major racial and ethnic groups that are identified in their Accountability Workbooks. The charts below display racial/ethnic data that have been mapped from the major racial and ethnic groups identified in their workbooks to the racial/ethnic groups shown.

### 1.3.1 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics

In the format of the table below, provide the number of students who received a valid score on the State assessment(s) in mathematics implemented to meet the requirements of Section 1111(b)(3) of ESEA (regardless of whether the students were present for a full academic year) and for whom a proficiency level was assigned, and the number of these students who scored at or above proficient, in grades 3 through 8 and high school. The percentage of students who scored at or above proficient is calculated automatically.

The student group "children with disabilities (IDEA)" includes children who participated, and for whom a proficiency level was assigned in the regular assessments with or without accommodations and alternate assessments. Do not include former students with disabilities (IDEA). The student group "limited English proficient (LEP) students" does include recently arrived students who have attended schools in the United States for fewer than 12 months. Do not include former LEP students.

### 1.3.2 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts

This section is similar to 1.3.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on the States reading/language arts assessment, and the difference noted in the paragraph below.

The student group "limited English proficient (LEP) students" does not include recently arrived students who have attended schools in the United States for fewer than 12 months and who took an assessment of English language proficiency in lieu of the States reading/language arts assesment. Do not include former LEP students.

### 1.3.3 Student Academic Achievement in Science

This section is similar to 1.3.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on the States science assessment administered at least once in each of the following grade spans: 3 through 5, 6 through 9 , and 10 through 12.

Limited English Proficient (LEP) students include recently arrived students who have attended schools in the United States for fewer than 12 months. Do not include former LEP students.
${ }^{3}$ The "Asian/Pacific Islander" row in the tables below represent either the value reported by the state to the Department of Education for the major racial and ethnic group "Asian/Pacific Islander" or an aggregation of values reported by the state for the major racial and ethnic groups "Asian" and "Native Hawaiian/Other Pacific Islander or Pacific Islander" (and "Filipino" in the case of California). When the values reported in the Asian/Pacific Islander row represent the U. S. Department of Education aggregation of other values reported by the state, the detail for "Asian" and Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander" are also included in the following rows. Disaggregated reporting for assessment participation data is done according to the provisions outlined within each state's Accountability Workbook. Accordingly, not every state uses major racial and ethnic groups which enable detail of Asian American/Pacific Islander (AAPI) populations.

### 1.3.1.1 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 3

| Grade 3 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 65,961 | 26,244 | 39.79 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 442 | 107 | 24.21 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,189 | 1,265 | 57.79 |
| Asian | 2,011 | 1,209 | 60.12 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 178 | 56 | 31.46 |
| Black or African American | 3,069 | 696 | 22.68 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 23,158 | 5,592 | 17,276 |
| White | 34,159 | 1,305 | 44.58 |
| Two or more races | 2,936 | 830 | 11.85 |
| Children with disabilites (IDEA) | 7,033 | 2,155 | 17.91 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 12,030 | 7,176 | 23.46 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 30,585 | 39 | 13.93 |
| Migratory students | 280 | 13,720 | 40.49 |
| Male | 33,883 | 39.04 |  |
| Female | 32,078 | 12,524 |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Discrepancies around the sum of male/female students or ethnic/racial groups not equaling the <br> total number of students exactly is due to occasional failures to mark gender or race/ethnicity on the test form. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.1 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 3

| Grade 3 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 65,848 | 26,140 | 39.70 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 440 | 103 | 23.41 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,157 | 1,108 | 51.37 |
| Asian | 1,980 | 1,046 | 52.83 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 177 | 62 | 35.03 |
| Black or African American | 3,066 | 756 | 24.66 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 23,114 | 5,685 | 24.60 |
| White | 34,135 | 17,154 | 50.25 |
| Two or more races | 2,928 | 1,332 | 45.49 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 7,016 | 628 | 1,878 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 11,937 | 7,246 | 15.73 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 30,493 | 40 | 14.76 |
| Migratory students | 280 | 11,927 | 35.29 |
| Male | 33,812 | 14,213 | 44.37 |
| Female | 32,036 |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Discrepancies around the sum of male/female students or ethnic/racial groups not equaling the |  |  |  |
| total number of students exactly is due to occasional failures to mark gender or race/ethnicity on the test form. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.1 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 3

| Grade 3 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |
| Two or more races |  |  |  |
| Children with disabilies (IDEA) |  |  |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged students |  |  |  |
| Migratory students |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not test 3rd grade students in Science. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.1.2 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 4

| Grade 4 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 65,592 | 22,262 | 33.94 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 444 | 76 | 17.12 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,163 | 1,162 | 53.72 |
| Asian | 1,993 | 1,112 | 55.80 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 170 | 50 | 29.41 |
| Black or African American | 3,055 | 513 | 16.79 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 23,186 | 4,344 | 18.74 |
| White | 33,835 | 15,085 | 44.58 |
| Two or more races | 2,899 | 1,081 | 37.29 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 7,211 | 618 | 8.57 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 9,788 | 879 | 8.98 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 30,194 | 5,483 | 18.16 |
| Migratory students | 250 | 25 | 11,830 |
| Male | 33,737 | 10,432 | 30.00 |
| Female | 31,855 |  | 32.75 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.2 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 4

| Grade 4 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 65,535 | 28,540 | 43.55 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 448 | 109 | 24.33 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,146 | 1,256 | 58.53 |
| Asian | 1,971 | 1,185 | 60.12 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 175 | 71 | 40.57 |
| Black or African American | 3,053 | 909 | 29.77 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 23,164 | 6,407 | 27.66 |
| White | 33,807 | 18,412 | 54.46 |
| Two or more races | 2,903 | 1,446 | 49.81 |
| Children with disabilites (IDEA) | 7,206 | 727 | 10.09 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 9,720 | 1,204 | 12.39 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 30,134 | 8,075 | 26.80 |
| Migratory students | 250 | 42 | 16.80 |
| Male | 33,693 | 13,022 | 15,518 |
| Female | 31,842 |  | 48.65 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.2 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 4

| Grade 4 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |
| Two or more races |  |  |  |
| Children with disabilites (IDEA) |  |  |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged students |  |  |  |
| Migratory students |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not test 4th grade students in Science. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.1.3 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 5

| Grade 5 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | Percentage of <br> \#students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 64,046 | 21,402 | 33.42 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 478 | 72 | 15.06 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,134 | 1,159 | 54.31 |
| Asian | 1,980 | 1,110 | 56.06 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 154 | 49 | 31.82 |
| Black or African American | 2,944 | 476 | 16.17 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 22,176 | 4,103 | 18.50 |
| White | 33,643 | 14,574 | 43.32 |
| Two or more races | 2,660 | 1,015 | 38.16 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 7,210 | 534 | 7.41 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 8,418 | 618 | 7.34 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 29,000 | 5,120 | 17.66 |
| Migratory students | 251 | 32 | 12.75 |
| Male | 32,833 | 11,221 | 34.18 |
| Female | 31,213 | 10,181 | 32.62 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.3 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 5

| Grade 5 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 63,992 | 29,515 | 46.12 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 481 | 130 | 27.03 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,119 | 1,278 | 60.31 |
| Asian | 1,964 | 1,208 | 61.51 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 155 | 70 | 45.16 |
| Black or African American | 2,952 | 914 | 30.96 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 22,118 | 6,495 | 29.37 |
| White | 33,652 | 19,264 | 57.24 |
| Two or more races | 2,659 | 1,433 | 53.89 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 7,205 | 725 | 10.06 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 8,327 | 877 | 10.53 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 28,945 | 8,341 | 28.82 |
| Migratory students | 249 | 39 | 15.66 |
| Male | 32,800 | 12,974 | 39.55 |
| Female | 31,192 | 16,541 | 53.03 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.3 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 5

| Grade 5 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | Percentage of <br> \#coring at or <br> Above Proficient | Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 63,842 | 22,317 | 34.96 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 465 | 76 | 16.34 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,126 | 999 | 46.99 |
| Asian | 1,971 | 955 | 48.45 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 155 | 44 | 28.39 |
| Black or African American | 2,939 | 418 | 14.22 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 22,112 | 3,724 | 16.84 |
| White | 33,546 | 15,968 | 47.60 |
| Two or more races | 2,641 | 1,131 | 42.82 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 7,138 | 671 | 9.40 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 8,377 | 377 | 4.50 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 28,817 | 4,835 | 16.78 |
| Migratory students | 248 | 21 | 8.47 |
| Male | 32,741 | 11,444 | 34.95 |
| Female | 31,101 | 10,873 | 34.96 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.1.4 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 6

| Grade 6 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | Percentage of <br> \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 61,554 | 18,899 | 30.70 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 471 | 72 | 15.29 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,231 | 1,155 | 51.77 |
| Asian | 2,073 | 1,122 | 54.12 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 158 | 33 | 20.89 |
| Black or African American | 2,865 | 364 | 12.71 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 21,771 | 3,224 | 14.81 |
| White | 31,734 | 13,201 | 41.60 |
| Two or more races | 2,476 | 882 | 35.62 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 6,782 | 391 | 5.77 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,867 | 242 | 3.52 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 27,681 | 3,732 | 13.48 |
| Migratory students | 225 | 12 | 5.33 |
| Male | 31,645 | 9,575 | 30.26 |
| Female | 29,909 | 9,324 | 31.17 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. $\operatorname{Differences~in~percentages~proficient~and~advanced~that~exceed~} 15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.4 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 6

| Grade 6 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 61,443 | 24,856 | 40.45 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 471 | 122 | 25.90 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,220 | 1,249 | 56.26 |
| Asian | 2,061 | 1,200 | 58.22 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 159 | 49 | 30.82 |
| Black or African American | 2,856 | 724 | 25.35 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 21,709 | 5,317 | 24.49 |
| White | 31,702 | 16,284 | 51.37 |
| Two or more races | 2,479 | 1,159 | 46.75 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 6,771 | 519 | 7.67 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,761 | 369 | 5.46 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 27,589 | 6,375 | 23.11 |
| Migratory students | 225 | 27 | 12.00 |
| Male | 31,584 | 10,388 | 32.89 |
| Female | 29,859 | 14,468 | 48.45 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed 15\% compared to 2016 are |  |  |  |
| correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.4 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 6

| Grade 6 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | \# Students Scoring at or Above Proficient | Percentage of Students Scoring at or Above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |
| Two or more races |  |  |  |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) |  |  |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged students |  |  |  |
| Migratory students |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 | olorado does not test 6th grade students in S |  |  |

### 1.3.1.5 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 7

| Grade 7 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | Percentage of <br> \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 59,447 | 16,774 | 28.22 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 474 | 62 | 13.08 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,160 | 1,046 | 48.43 |
| Asian | 2,017 | 1,008 | 49.98 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 143 | 38 | 26.57 |
| Black or African American | 2,713 | 362 | 13.34 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20,915 | 2,779 | 13.29 |
| White | 30,962 | 11,825 | 38.19 |
| Two or more races | 2,215 | 700 | 31.60 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 6,338 | 280 | 4.42 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,777 | 203 | 3.00 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 26,045 | 3,230 | 12.40 |
| Migratory students | 236 | 10 | 4.24 |
| Male | 30,693 | 8,575 | 27.94 |
| Female | 28,754 | 8,199 | 28.51 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.5 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 7

| Grade 7 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 59,427 | 26,233 | 44.14 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 474 | 122 | 25.74 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,153 | 1,317 | 61.17 |
| Asian | 2,011 | 1,268 | 63.05 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 142 | 49 | 34.51 |
| Black or African American | 2,732 | 819 | 29.98 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20,879 | 5,945 | 28.47 |
| White | 30,951 | 16,956 | 54.78 |
| Two or more races | 2,230 | 1,074 | 48.16 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 6,346 | 589 | 9.28 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,693 | 462 | 6.90 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 26,016 | 7,027 | 27.01 |
| Migratory students | 235 | 32 | 13.62 |
| Male | 30,666 | 10,856 | 35.40 |
| Female | 28,761 | 15,377 | 53.46 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed 15\% compared to 2016 are |  |  |  |
| correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.5 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 7

| Grade 7 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students |  |  |  |
| American Indian or Alaska Native |  |  |  |
| Asian or Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Asian |  |  |  |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander |  |  |  |
| Black or African American |  |  |  |
| Hispanic or Latino |  |  |  |
| White |  |  |  |
| Two or more races |  |  |  |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) |  |  |  |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students |  |  |  |
| Economically disadvantaged students |  |  |  |
| Migratory students |  |  |  |
| Male |  |  |  |
| Female |  |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not test 7th grade students in Science. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.1.6 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - Grade 8

| Grade 8 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | Percentage of <br> \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 56,805 | 18,383 | 32.36 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 433 | 72 | 16.63 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,107 | 1,138 | 54.01 |
| Asian | 1,959 | 1,094 | 55.84 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 148 | 44 | 29.73 |
| Black or African American | 2,645 | 462 | 17.47 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20,334 | 3,476 | 17.09 |
| White | 29,249 | 12,450 | 42.57 |
| Two or more races | 2,030 | 785 | 38.67 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 5,965 | 333 | 5.58 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,618 | 280 | 4.23 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 24,632 | 4,013 | 16.29 |
| Migratory students | 241 | 26 | 10.79 |
| Male | 29,334 | 9,049 | 30.85 |
| Female | 27,471 | 9,334 | 33.98 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are |  |  |  |
| correct. |  |  |  |

1.3.2.6 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - Grade 8

| Grade 8 | \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 56,831 | 24,611 | 43.31 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 430 | 125 | 29.07 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,096 | 1,279 | 61.02 |
| Asian | 1,946 | 1,216 | 62.49 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 150 | 63 | 42.00 |
| Black or African American | 2,636 | 773 | 29.32 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20,301 | 5,815 | 28.64 |
| White | 29,327 | 15,578 | 53.12 |
| Two or more races | 2,034 | 1,041 | 51.18 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 5,968 | 536 | 8.98 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,525 | 474 | 7.26 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 24,585 | 6,751 | 27.46 |
| Migratory students | 239 | 37 | 15.48 |
| Male | 29,330 | 9,972 | 34.00 |
| Female | 27,501 | 14,639 | 53.23 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are <br> correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.3.6 Student Academic Achievement in Science - Grade 8

| Grade 8 | \# Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | \# Students Scoring at or Above Proficient | Percentage of Students Scoring at or Above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students | 56,243 | 17,018 | 30.26 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 405 | 70 | 17.28 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 2,084 | 946 | 45.39 |
| Asian | 1,937 | 911 | 47.03 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 147 | 35 | 23.81 |
| Black or African American | 2,605 | 349 | 13.40 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 20,090 | 2,791 | 13.89 |
| White | 29,044 | 12,110 | 41.70 |
| Two or more races | 2,008 | 752 | 37.45 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 5,868 | 430 | 7.33 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,542 | 114 | 1.74 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 24,248 | 3,318 | 13.68 |
| Migratory students | 239 | 18 | 7.53 |
| Male | 29,078 | 8,481 | 29.17 |
| Female | 27,165 | 8,537 | 31.43 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences that exceed 15\% compared to 2016 are correct. |  |  |  |

### 1.3.1.7 Student Academic Achievement in Mathematics - High School

| High School | \# Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | \# Students Scoring at or Above Proficient | Percentage of Students Scoring at or Above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students | 50,575 | 14,245 | 28.17 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 409 | 42 | 10.27 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 1,905 | 967 | 50.76 |
| Asian | 1,779 | 933 | 52.45 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 126 | 34 | 26.98 |
| Black or African American | 2,650 | 345 | 13.02 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 18,486 | 2,743 | 14.84 |
| White | 25,360 | 9,573 | 37.75 |
| Two or more races | 1,749 | 571 | 32.65 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 5,198 | 266 | 5.12 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,467 | 293 | 4.53 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 21,519 | 3,048 | 14.16 |
| Migratory students | 222 | 14 | 6.31 |
| Male | 26,744 | 7,446 | 27.84 |
| Female | 23,831 | 6,799 | 28.53 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed 15\% compared to 2016 are correct. High school math is assessed in the 9th grade, so these math-tested students represent a different cohort than the 10th grade students who took the Science assessment. In addition, Colorado's 9th grade participation runs higher than its 10th grade.

### 1.3.2.7 Student Academic Achievement in Reading/Language Arts - High School

| High School \# Students Who Received a <br> Valid Score and for Whom a <br> Proficiency <br> Level Was Assigned | \# Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient | Percentage of <br> Students <br> Scoring at or <br> Above Proficient |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| All students | 50,673 | 18,317 | 36.15 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 414 | 78 | 18.84 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 1,902 | 1,004 | 52.79 |
| Asian | 1,777 | 966 | 54.36 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 125 | 38 | 30.40 |
| Black or African American | 2,616 | 604 | 23.09 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 18,462 | 4,126 | 22.35 |
| White | 25,492 | 11,756 | 46.12 |
| Two or more races | 1,770 | 746 | 42.15 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 5,209 | 398 | 7.64 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 6,357 | 345 | 5.43 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 21,474 | 4,679 | 21.79 |
| Migratory students | 222 | 23 | 10.36 |
| Male | 26,753 | 7,530 | 28.15 |
| Female | 23,920 | 10,787 | 45.10 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are correct. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are correct. High school RLA is assessed in the 9th grade, so these RLA-tested students represent a different cohort than the 10th grade students who took the Science assessment. In addition, Colorado's 9th grade participation runs higher than its 10th grade.
1.3.3.7 Student Academic Achievement in Science - High School

| High School | \# Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | \# Students Scoring at or Above Proficient | Percentage of Students Scoring at or Above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All students | 37,489 | 9,283 | 24.76 |
| American Indian or Alaska Native | 333 | 44 | 13.21 |
| Asian or Pacific Islander | 1,331 | 450 | 33.81 |
| Asian | 1,228 | 435 | 35.42 |
| Native Hawaiian or other Pacific Islander | 103 | 15 | 14.56 |
| Black or African American | 2,007 | 201 | 10.01 |
| Hispanic or Latino | 14,269 | 1,632 | 11.44 |
| White | 18,367 | 6,598 | 35.92 |
| Two or more races | 1,170 | 358 | 30.60 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 3,346 | 299 | 8.94 |
| Limited English proficient (LEP) students | 3,080 | 35 | 1.14 |
| Economically disadvantaged students | 15,237 | 1,852 | 12.15 |
| Migratory students | 140 | 6 | 4.29 |
| Male | 19,644 | 5,069 | 25.80 |
| Female | 17,845 | 4,214 | 23.61 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Differences in percentages proficient and advanced that exceed $15 \%$ compared to 2016 are correct. High school science is assessed in the 10th grade, so these science-tested students represent a different cohort than the 9th grade students who took the RLA and Math assessments. In addition, Colorado's 9th grade participation runs higher than its 10th grade.

### 1.4 School and District Accountability

This section collects data on accountability.

### 1.4.4.3 Corrective Action

In the table below, for schools in corrective action, provide the number of schools for which the listed corrective actions under ESEA were implemented in SY 2016-17 (based on SY 2015-16 assessments under Section 1111 of ESEA).

| Corrective Action | \# of Title I Schools in Corrective Action in Which the Corrective Action was |
| :--- | :--- |
| Implemented in SY 2016-17 |  |$|$| Required implementation of a new research-based curriculum or <br> instructional program |
| :--- |
| Extension of the school year or school day |
| Replacement of staff members, not including the principal, relevant to the <br> school's low performance |
| Significant decrease in management authority at the school level |
| Replacement of the principal |
| Restructuring the internal organization of the school |
| Appointment of an outside expert to advise the school |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado no longer identifies schools for corrective action due to our flexibility waiver. |

### 1.4.4.4 Restructuring - Year 2

In the table below, for schools in restructuring - year 2 (implementation year), provide the number of schools for which the listed restructuring actions under ESEA were implemented in SY 2016-17 (based on SY 2015-16 assessments under Section 1111 of ESEA).

| Restructuring Action | \# of Title I Schools in Restructuring in Which Restructuring Action Is Being |
| :--- | :--- |
| Implemented |  |$|$| Replacement of all or most of the school staff (which may include the <br> principal) |
| :--- |
| Reopening the school as a public charter school |
| Entering into a contract with a private entity to operate the school |
| Takeover the school by the State |
| Other major restructuring of the school governance |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado no longer identifies schools for restructuring due to our flexibility waiver. |

In the space below, list specifically the "other major restructuring of the school governance" action(s) that were implemented.
The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

### 1.4.5.2 Actions Taken for Districts That Received Title I Funds and Were Identified for Improvement

In the space below, briefly describe the measures being taken to address the achievement problems of districts identified for improvement or corrective action. Include a discussion of the technical assistance provided by the State (e.g., the number of districts served, the nature and duration of assistance provided, etc.).

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
Colorado no longer identifies districts for improvement due to our flexibility waiver.

### 1.4.5.3 Corrective Action

In the table below, for districts in corrective action, provide the number of districts in corrective action in which the listed corrective actions under ESEA were implemented in SY 2016-17 (based on SY 2015-16 assessments under Section 1111 of ESEA).

| Corrective Action | \# of Districts receiving Title I funds in Corrective Action in Which Corrective Action was |
| :--- | :--- |
| Implemented in SY 2016-17 |  |$|$| Implemented a new curriculum based on State standards |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Authorized students to transfer from district schools to <br> higher performing schools in a neighboring district |  |
| Deferred programmatic funds or reduced administrative <br> funds |  |
| Replaced district personnel who are relevant to the failure <br> to make AYP |  |
| Removed one or more schools from the jurisdiction of <br> the district |  |
| Appointed a receiver or trustee to administer the affairs of <br> the district |  |
| Restructured the district |  |
| Abolished the district (list the number of districts <br> abolished between the end of SY 2015-16 and beginning <br> of SY 2016-17 as a corrective action) |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado no longer identifies districts for corrective action due to our flexibility waiver. |  |

### 1.4.8 Sections 1003(a) and (g) School Improvement Funds

In the section below, "schools in improvement" refers to Title I schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under Section 1116 of ESEA.
1.4.8.5 Use of Sections 1003(a) and (g) School Improvement Funds.
1.4.8.5.1 Section 1003(a) State Reservations

In the space provided, enter the percentage of the FY 2016 (SY 2016-17) Title I, Part A allocation that the SEA reserved in accordance with Section 1003(a) of ESEA and $\S 200.100(\mathrm{a})$ of ED's regulations governing the reservation of funds for school improvement under Section 1003(a) of ESEA: 4.00 \%
Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters.

### 1.4.8.5.2 Section 1003(a) and 1003(g) Allocations to LEAs and Schools

The data for this question are reported through EDFacts files and compiled in the EDEN012 "Section 1003(a) and 1003(g) Allocations to LEAs and Schools" report in the EDFacts Reporting System (ERS). The EDFacts files and data groups used in this report are listed in the CSPR Crosswalk. The CSPR Data Key contains more detailed information on how the data are populated into the report.

Before certifying Part I of the CSPR, a state user must run the EDEN012 report in ERS and verify that the state's data are correct. The final, certified data from this report will be made publicly available alongside the state's certified CSPR PDF.

### 1.4.8.5.3 Use of Section 1003(g)(8) Funds for Evaluation and Technical Assistance

Section 1003(g)(8) of ESEA allows States to reserve up to five percent of Section 1003(g) funds for administration and to meet the evaluation and technical assistance requirements for this program. In the space below, identify and describe the specific Section 1003(g) evaluation and technical assistance activities that your State conducted during SY 2016-17.

This response is limited to 8,000 characters.
1003g Tiered Intervention Grant (TIG) - Technical Assistance and Support to districts: The Office of School and District Improvement and Unit of Federal Programs Administration provide onsite support to each grantee. Turnaround Support Managers and Title I Program Specialists provide support to districts and schools as they implement their TIG plans and to gather information on implementation progress to determine what further support is needed. Schools use a brief, common documentation tool to track plan implementation and progress monitor data. The tool is emailed by the school to the school's Turnaround Support Manager in advance of the quarterly site visits. Based on evidence in the documentation tool, onsite visits can be increased or decreased to meet the needs of the school sites. Progress monitoring site visits and formative assessment data are used to establish a rigorous, annual grant renewal process. Turnaround Support Managers attend regional School Improvement Grants conferences and share the information with grantees. Finally, the Office of School and District Improvement and Unit of Federal Programs Administration organize quarterly "exemplar school" site visits for TIG grantees. During these visits leaders from TIG schools visit high-performing current or former TIG schools and other high-performing Title I schools to learn and observe promising practices.
Grantees, supported by Turnaround Support Managers, work with district leadership to organize various trainings, revise schedules and establish new practices to ensure leadership capacity is developed at the building level. Grantees have established building leadership teams and district support networks to assist with implementing their TIG plans. Grantees, with the help of Turnaround Support Managers participate in professional learning opportunities to share lessons learned from Tiered Intervention Grant development. Grantees share grant implementation experiences, systemic changes, and lessons learned from this process during quarterly PLCs. Turnaround Support Managers developed a site visit protocol and process to support the monitoring process and subsequent rounds of grant applications, including revisions to the RFP, needs assessments/reviews, target setting, and improvement planning applications for eligible sites. Title I Program Specialists check in on use of TIG funds and answer any questions the school might have on allowable use of funds.

### 1.4.8.6 Actions Taken for Title I Schools Identified for Improvement Supported by Funds Other than Those of Sections 1003(a) and 1003(g).

In the space below, describe actions (if any) taken by your State in SY 2016-17 that were supported by funds other than Sections 1003(a) and 1003(g) funds to address the achievement problems of schools identified for improvement, corrective action, or restructuring under Sections 1116 of ESEA.

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
The following describes the actions taken for Title I schools identified for Improvement supported by funds other than sections 1003(a) and 1003(g). Unified Improvement Planning: Schools assigned a Priority Improvement or Turnaround School Performance Framework plan must submit a Unified Improvement Plan (UIP). Districts have received technical assistance in developing their UIPs including how to assist their schools. Unified improvement planning provides a common approach for schools to prepare improvement plans required by state and federal law. More information regarding the Unified Improvement Plan process can be found at: http://www.cde.state.co.us/uip.
Statewide System of Accountability and Support: The CDE Statewide System of Accountability and Support provides incentives, opportunities and support for districts and schools as they manage their performance. By engaging in a continuous improvement cycle to manage their performance, districts and schools will improve their effectiveness and the outcomes for their students. That cycle includes:

- Focus attention on the right things.
- All learners prepared for postsecondary learning or to enter the workplace.
- Intermediate results evaluated based on state-defined performance indicators.
- Evaluate performance - gathering, analyzing, and interpreting data about performance in each indicator area (metrics) to evaluate/monitor performance.
- Plan improvement strategies based on data and root cause analysis and defining implementation benchmarks.
- Implement planned improvement strategies.

More information regarding the Statewide System of Accountability and Support can be found at:
http://www.schoolview.org/documents/SSASSystemComponents.pdf.

### 1.6 Title III and Language Instructional Programs

This section collects annual performance and accountability data on the implementation of Title III program.

### 1.6.1 Language Instruction Educational program

In the table below, place a check next to each type of language instruction educational program implemented in the State, as defined under Section 3301(8), as required by Sections 3121(a)(1), 3123(b)(1), and 3123(b)(2).

Table 1.6.1 Definitions:

1. Types of Programs = Types of programs described in the subgrantee's local plan (as submitted to the State or as implemented) that is closest to the descriptions in http://www.ncela.us/files/rcd/BE021775/Glossary of Terms.pdf.
2. Other Language $=$ Name of the language of instruction, other than English, used in the programs.

| Check Types of Programs | Type of Program | Other Language |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yes | Dual language | Spanish |
| Yes | Two-way immersion | Spanish, Chinese |
| Yes | Transitional bilingual | Spanish |
| Yes | Developmental bilingual | Spanish |
| Yes | Heritage language | Spanish |
| Yes | Sheltered English instruction | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| |
| Yes | Structured English immersion | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| |
| Yes | Specially designed academic instruction delivered in English (SDAIE) |  |
| Yes | Content-based ESL |  |
| Yes | Pull-out ESL |  |
| Yes | Other (explain in comment box below) | \|||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||||| |

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
Push-in ELL teachers team-teach and provide instruction in the regular classroom. Students are in regular education classrooms with differentiation; immersion; literacy-based ESL; interventionist model support through peer modeling; co-teaching; Woodcock Munoz Model School(s); a content strand of systematic English language development; sheltered content instruction; daily ELD blocks; heritage language support.

### 1.6.2 Student Demographic Data

### 1.6.2.1 Number of ALL LEP Students in the State

In the table below, provide the October 1 count of ALL LEP students in the State who meet the LEP definition under Section 9101 (25).
${ }_{n}$ Include newly enrolled (recent arrivals to the U.S.) and continually enrolled LEP students, whether or not they receive services in a Title III language instruction educational program.
n Do not include Former LEP students (as defined in Section 200.20(f)(2) of the Title I regulation) and monitored Former LEP students (as defined under Section 3121(a)(4) of Title III) in the ALL LEP student count in this table.

| Number of ALL LEP students in the State | 105,785 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.6.2.2 Number of LEP Students Who Received Title III Language Instruction Educational Program Services

In the table below, provide the October 1 count of LEP students in the State who received services in Title III language instructional education programs.

| LEP Students Receiving Services | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| LEP students who received services in a Title III language instruction educational program in grades K through 12 for this reporting year. | 105,038 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.6.2.3 Most Commonly Spoken Languages in the State

In the table below, provide the five most commonly spoken languages, other than English, in the State (for all LEP students, not just LEP students who received Title III services). The top five languages should be determined by the highest number of students speaking each of the languages listed

| Language | \# LEP Students |
| :--- | :--- |
| Spanish; Castilian | 88,518 |
| Arabic | 1,838 |
| Vietnamese | 1,475 |
| Chinese | 1,159 |
| Russian | 987 |

Report additional languages with significant numbers of LEP students in the comment box below.
The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

### 1.6.3 Student Performance Data

This section collects data on LEP students' English language proficiency, as required by Sections $1111(\mathrm{~h})(4)(\mathrm{D})$ and 3121 (a)(2).

### 1.6.3.1.1 All LEP Students Tested on the State Annual English Language Proficiency Assessment

In the table below, please provide the number of ALL LEP students tested and not tested on annual State English language proficiency (ELP) assessment (as defined in 1.6.2.1).

|  | All LEP Testing |
| :--- | :--- |
| Number tested on State annual ELP assessment | 102,906 |
| Number not tested on State annual ELP assessment | 2,884 |
| Total | 105,790 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4, 4,000 characters. Some of the students served during the year in Colorado left by the time of the WIDA testing <br> window in January; similarly, there were students served who were not enrolled at the time of WIDA testing. In addition, among LEP students enrolled at the <br> time of testing, many partially tested but were missing one or more sub-scores that prevented them from earning an overall scale score/proficiency level. <br> Among the others were students who did not test due to language, became frustrated during testing, were excluded from testing due to parent decision, or <br> were absent during the testing window. |  |

1.6.3.1.2 ALL LEP Student English Language Proficiency Results

| All LEP Results | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number attained proficiency on State annual ELP assessment | 22,163 |
| Percent attained proficiency on State annual ELP assessment | 21.03 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.6.3.2.1 Title III LEP Students Tested on the State Annual English Language Proficiency Assessment

In the table below, provide the number of Title III LEP students tested and not tested on annual State English language proficiency assessment.

| Title III LEP Testing | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number tested on State annual ELP assessment | 102,168 |
| Number not tested on State annual ELP assessment | 2,835 |
| Total | 105,003 |
| Cal |  |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. 2,835 LEP students enrolled in Title III districts during the WIDA testing window did not receive an overall performance level and were counted as not tested. The vast majority of these students partially tested but were missing one or more sub-scores that prevented them from earning an overall scale score/proficiency level. Among the others were students who did not test due to language, became frustrated during testing, were excluded from testing due to parent decision, or were absent during the testing window.

In the table below, provide the number of Title III students who took the State annual ELP assessment for the first time and whose progress cannot be determined. Report this number ONLY if the State did not include them in the calculations for making progress (\# and \% making progress).

| Title III First Time Tested | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number of Title III students who took the State annual ELP assessment for the first time whose progress cannot be determined. | 24,273 |

### 1.6.3.2.2 Title III LEP English Language Proficiency Results

This section collects information on Title III LEP students' development of English and attainment of English proficiency.

## Table 1.6.3.2.2 Definitions:

1. Making Progress = Number and percent of Title III LEP students that met the definition of "Making Progress" as defined by the State and submitted to ED in the Consolidated State Application (CSA), or as amended.
2. Attained Proficiency = Number and percent of Title III LEP students that met the State definition of "Attainment" of English language proficiency submitted to ED in the Consolidated State Application (CSA), or as amended.
3. Results = Number and percent of Title III LEP students that met the State definition of "Making Progress" and the number and percent that met the State definition of "Attainment" of English language proficiency.

In the table below, provide the results from the annual State English language proficiency assessment for Title III-served LEP students who participated in a Title III language instruction educational program in grades K through 12.

|  | Title III Results | Results <br> $\#$ |
| :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Making progress |  | Results <br> $\%$ |
| Attained proficiency | 22,043 | 21.58 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado was unable to measure English proficiency growth from 2016 to 2017 due to issues around changes in the WIDA ACCESSS assessment. WIDA partially transitioned to a new assessment, ACCESS 2.0, in Spring 2016, with new items and in an online testing format. However, the underlying scoring scale and proficiency level cut-points were still based on the previous ACCESS 1.0 psychometric properties. The complete transition to ACCESS 2.0 was not undertaken until 2017, when the new scoring scale and proficiency level cutpoints were finally applied.Â Given that significant differences exist in the underlying scale assumptions and proficiency attributions between the old and new assessments, CDE determined it was inappropriate to compare the published scale score results from 2016 to 2017. Extensive analysis by CDE showed that even using revised 2016 scale scores that were purportedly calculated on the new 2.0 scoring scale did not result in believably aligned student outcomes between 2016 and 2017. CDE conducted exploratory growth calculations using these discrepant results, but the scale/test differences were again found to be significant enough to result in biased growth scores at the student, school and district levels.Â Additionally, 32\% of Colorado students in grades 1-12 continued to test with the paper ACCESS in 2017, which is not equivalent to the online form (see explanation from 2016). The movement between students testing on paper in 2016 and online in 2017 or vice versa also compromised CDE's confidence that score results would be comparable for students across different trajectories. $\hat{A}$ Because the state growth model is normatively built by comparing students to their academic peers with similar score histories, any questionable individual results based on test format, speaking/listening scoring technology issues, or scale construction in either 2016 or 2017 fundamentally undermine the accuracy of all student results. For these reasons, CDE chose not to release individual or aggregate 2017 growth results to districts and has not included them in the current submission.

### 1.6.3.5 Native Language Assessments

This section collects data on LEP students assessed in their native language (Section 1111(b)(6)).

### 1.6.3.5.1 LEP Students Assessed in Native Language

In the table below, check "Yes" if the specified assessment is used.

| Native Language Testing | Yes/No |
| :--- | :---: |
| State offers the State reading/language arts content tests in the students' native language(s). | Yes |
| State offers the State mathematics content tests in the students' native language(s). | No |
| State offers the State science content tests in the students' native language(s). | No |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.6.3.5.2 Native Language of Mathematics Tests Given

In the table below, report the language(s) in which native language assessments are given for ESEA accountability determinations for mathematics.

|  |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Mathematics tests are not given in any language other than English |

### 1.6.3.5.3 Native Language of Reading/Language Arts Tests Given

In the table below, report the language(s) in which native language assessments are given for ESEA accountability determinations for reading/language arts.

|  |
| :--- |
| Spanish |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |

### 1.6.3.5.4 Native Language of Science Tests Given

In the table below, report the language(s) in which native language assessments are given for ESEA accountability determinations for science.

|  |
| :--- |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Science tests are not given in any language other than English |

### 1.6.3.6 Title III Served Monitored Former LEP (MFLEP) Students

This section collects data on the performance of former LEP students as required by Sections 3121 (a)(4) and 3123(b)(8).

### 1.6.3.6.1 Title III Served MFLEP Students by Year Monitored

In the table below, report the unduplicated count of monitored former LEP students during the two consecutive years of monitoring, which includes both MFLEP students in all grades.

Monitored Former LEP (MFLEP) students include:
। Students who have transitioned out of a language instruction educational program.
। Students who are no longer receiving LEP services and who are being monitored for academic content achievement for 2 years after the transition.
Table 1.6.3.6.1 Definitions:

1. \# Year One = Number of former LEP students in their first year of being monitored.
2. \# Year Two = Number of former LEP students in their second year of being monitored.
3. Total = Number of monitored former LEP students in year one and year two. This is automatically calculated.

| \# Year One | \# Year Two | Total |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14,346 | 10,565 | 24,911 |  |  |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |  |  |

### 1.6.3.6.2 MFLEP Students Results for Mathematics

In the table below, report the number of MFLEP students who took the annual mathematics assessment. Please provide data only for those students who transitioned out of language instruction educational programs and who no longer received services under Title III in this reporting year. These students include both students who are monitored former LEP students in their first year of monitoring, and those in their second year of monitoring.

## Table 1.6.3.6.2 Definitions:

1. \# Tested = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who were tested in mathematics.
2. \# At or Above Proficient = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who scored at or above proficient on the State annual mathematics assessment.
3. \% Results = Automatically calculated based on number who scored at or above proficient divided by the number tested.
4. \# Below proficient = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who did not score proficient on the State annual mathematics assessment. This will be automatically calculated.

| \# Tested | \# At or Above Proficient | \% Results | \# Below Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15,346 | 4,540 | 29.58 | 10,806 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |

### 1.6.3.6.3 MFLEP Students Results for Reading/Language Arts

In the table below, report results for MFLEP students who took the annual reading/language arts assessment. Please provide data only for those students who transitioned out of language instruction educational programs and who no longer received services under Title III in this reporting year. These students include both students who are monitored former LEP students in their first year of monitoring, and those in their second year of monitoring.

## Table 1.6.3.6.3 Definitions:

1. \# Tested = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who were tested in reading/language arts.
2. \# At or Above Proficient = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who scored at or above proficient on the State annual reading/language arts assessment.
3. \% Results = Automatically calculated based on number who scored at or above proficient divided by the total number tested. This will be automatically calculated.
4. \# Below proficient = State-aggregated number MFLEP students who did not score proficient on the State annual reading/language arts assessment.

| \# Tested | \# At or Above Proficient | \% Results | \# Below Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 15,346 | 6,717 | 43.77 | 8,629 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |

### 1.6.3.6.4 MFLEP Students Results for Science

In the table below, report results for MFLEP students who took the annual science assessment. Please provide data only for those students who transitioned out of language instruction educational programs and who no longer received services under Title III in this reporting year. These students include both students who are MFLEP students in their first year of monitoring, and those in their second year of monitoring.

Table 1.6.3.6.4 Definitions:

1. \# Tested = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who were tested in science.
2. \# At or Above Proficient = State-aggregated number of MFLEP students who scored at or above proficient on the State annual science assessment.
3. \% Results = Automatically calculated based on number who scored at or above proficient divided by the total number tested. This will be automatically calculated.
4. \# Below proficient = State-aggregated number MFLEP students who did not score proficient on the State annual science assessment.

| \# Tested | \# At or Above Proficient | \% Results | \# Below Proficient |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 7,203 | 1,337 | 18.56 | 5,866 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |

### 1.6.4 Title III Subgrantees

This section collects data on the performance of Title III subgrantees.

### 1.6.4.3 Termination of Title III Language Instruction Educational Programs

This section collects data on the termination of Title III programs or activities as required by Section 3123(b)(7).

| Termination of Title III Programs | Yes/No |
| :--- | :---: |
| Were any Title III language instruction educational programs or activities terminated for failure to reach program goals? | No |
| If yes, provide the number of language instruction educational programs or activities for immigrant children and youth terminated. |  |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.6.5 Education Programs and Activities for Immigrant Students

This section collects data on education programs and activities for immigrant students.

## Note: All immigrant students are not LEP students.

### 1.6.5.1 Immigrant Students

In the table below, report the unduplicated number of immigrant students enrolled in schools in the State and who participated in qualifying educational programs under Section 3114(d)(1).

Table 1.6.5.1 Definitions:

1. Immigrant Students Enrolled = Number of students who meet the definition of immigrant children and youth under Section 3301(6) and enrolled in the elementary or secondary schools in the State.
2. Students in 3114(d)(1) Program = Number of immigrant students who participated in programs for immigrant children and youth funded under Section 3114(d)(1), using the funds reserved for immigrant education programs/activities. This number should not include immigrant students who only receive services in Title III language instructional educational programs under Sections 3114(a) and 3115(a).
3. 3114(d)(1)Subgrants = Number of subgrants made in the State under Section 3114(d)(1), with the funds reserved for immigrant education programs/activities. Do not include Title III Language Instruction Educational Program (LIEP) subgrants made under Sections 3114(a) and 3115(a) that serve immigrant students enrolled in them.

| \# Immigrant Students Enrolled | \# Students in 3114(d)(1) Program | \# of 3114(d)(1) Subgrants |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| 8,881 | 5,382 | 29 |

If state reports zero (0) students in programs or zero (0) subgrants, explain in comment box below.
The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

### 1.6.6 Teacher Information and Professional Development

This section collects data on teachers in Title III language instruction educational programs as required under Section 3123(b)(5).

### 1.6.6.1 Teacher Information

This section collects information about teachers as required under Section 3123 (b)(5).
In the table below, report the number of teachers who are working in the Title III language instruction educational programs as defined under Section 3301(8) and reported in 1.6.1 (Types of language instruction educational programs) even if they are not paid with Title III funds.

Note: Section 3301(8) - The term ' Language instruction educational program ' means an instruction course - (A) in which a limited English proficient child is placed for the purpose of developing and attaining English proficiency, while meeting challenging State academic content and student academic achievement standards, as required by Section 1111 (b)(1); and (B) that may make instructional use of both English and a child's native language to enable the child to develop and attain English proficiency and may include the participation of English proficient children if such course is designed to enable all participating children to become proficient in English as a second language.

| Title III Teachers | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Number of all certified/licensed teachers currently working in Title III language instruction educational programs. | 4,067 |
| Estimate number of additional certified/licensed teachers that will be needed for Title III language instruction educational programs in the next 5 <br> years*. | 1,000 |

Explain in the comment box below if there is a zero for any item in the table above.
The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
Colorado notes a significant drop in number of teachers working in the LIEP. The past requirement was certified/licensed teachers, and thus, Colorado reported the number of total certified and licensed teachers, but not those with the CLDE or CLDE bilingual endorsement. As we reviewed and reflected on data, we realize that the EDFACTS collection definition of certified and licensed meant those instructional staff with a specialty license or endorsement in ELD/CLDE/bilingual education. We have modified our data collection and extraction process to reflect the appropriated data being asked of the state.
*This number should be the total additional teachers needed for the next 5 years, not the number needed for each year. Do not include the number of teachers currently working in Title III English language instruction educational programs.

### 1.6.6.2 Professional Development Activities of Subgrantees Related to the Teaching and Learning of LEP Students

In the tables below, provide information about the subgrantee professional development activities that meet the requirements of Section 3115(c)(2).

## Table 1.6.6.2 Definitions:

1. Professional Development Topics $\boldsymbol{=}$ Subgrantee professional development topics required under Title III.
2. \#Subgrantees = Number of subgrantees who conducted each type of professional development activity. A subgrantee may conduct more than one professional development activity. (Use the same method of counting subgrantees, including consortia, as in 1.6.1 and 1.6.4.1).
3. Total Number of Participants = Number of teachers, administrators and other personnel who participated in each type of the professional development activities reported.
4. Total = Number of all participants in professional development (PD) activities.

| Professional Development (PD) Topics | \# Subgrantees |
| :--- | :--- |
| Instructional strategies for LEP students |  |
| Understanding and implementation of assessment of LEP students |  |
| Understanding and implementation of ELP standards and academic content standards for LEP <br> students |  |
| Alignment of the curriculum in language instruction educational programs to ELP standards |  |
| Subject matter knowledge for teachers |  |
| Other (Explain in comment box) |  |


| PD Participant Information | \# Subgrantees | \# Participants |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| PD provided to content classroom teachers |  |  |
| PD provided to LEP classroom teachers |  |  |
| PD provided to principals |  |  |
| PD provided to administrators/other than principals |  |  |
| PD provided to other school personnel/non-administrative |  |  |
| PD provided to community based organization personnel | I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I/I |  |
| Total |  |  |

The response is limited to 8,000 characters.
This information will be provided before the 2nd certification.

### 1.6.7 State Subgrant Activities

This section collects data on State grant activities.

### 1.6.7.1 State Subgrant Process

In the table below, report the time between when the State receives the Title III allocation from ED, normally on July 1 of each year for the upcoming school year, and the time when the State distributes these funds to subgrantees for the intended school year. Dates must be submitted using the MM/DD/YY format.

## Table 1.6.7.1 Definitions:

1. Date State Received Allocation = Annual date the State receives the Title III allocation from U.S. Department of Education (ED).
2. Date Funds Available to Subgrantees = Annual date that Title III funds are available to approved subgrantees.
3. \# of Days/\$\$ Distribution = Average number of days for States receiving Title III funds to make subgrants to subgrantees beginning from July 1 of each year, except under conditions where funds are being withheld.

Example: State received SY 2016-17 funds July 1, 2016, and then made these funds available to subgrantees on August 1, 2016, for SY 2016-17 programs. Then the "\# of days/\$\$ Distribution" is 30 days.

| Date State Received Allocation | Date Funds Available to Subgrantees | \# of Days/\$\$ Distribution |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $7 / 1 / 17$ | $7 / 1 / 17$ | 0 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |

### 1.6.7.2 Steps To Shorten the Distribution of Title III Funds to Subgrantees

In the comment box below, describe how your State can shorten the process of distributing Title III funds to subgrantees.
The response is limited to 8,000 characters.

### 1.7 Persistently Dangerous Schools

In the table below, provide the number of schools identified as persistently dangerous, as determined by the State, by the start of the school year. For further guidance on persistently dangerous schools, refer to Section B "Identifying Persistently Dangerous Schools" in the Unsafe School Choice Option Non-
Regulatory Guidance, available at: http://www.ed.gov/policy/elsec/guid/unsafeschoolchoice.doc.

| Persistently Dangerous Schools | \# |
| :--- | :---: |
| Persistently Dangerous Schools | 0 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.9 Education for Homeless Children and Youths Program

This section collects data on homeless children and youth and the McKinney-Vento grant program.
In the table below, provide the following information about the number of LEAs in the State who reported data on homeless children and youth and the McKinney-Vento program. The totals will be automatically calculated.

| LEAs | $\#$ | \# LEAs Reporting Data |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| LEAs without subgrants | 106 | 106 |
| LEAs with subgrants | 77 | 77 |
| Total | 183 | 183 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. The number of subgrant LEAs includes two regional agencies that partner with 63 districts. Colorado acknowledges there have been some data collection issues around homeless students. At this time, we are relying on district-reported numbers and therefore, without student-level data, cannot identify duplicates. The State Coordinator is working diligently with CDE's Senior Data Analyst and districts regarding student-level data collection moving forward. Colorado has utilized two data collections to target discrepencies in data reporting at the district level. It was discovered that two school districts contributed to a significant discrepency when comparing data collections. These errors have been identified and corrected. The State Coordinator has provided technical assistance to 25 districts regarding collecting complete and accurate data. For the 2017-18 data collection, it will be possible to provide State-level unduplicated numbers.

### 1.9.1 All LEAs (with and without McKinney-Vento subgrants)

The following questions collect data on homeless children and youth in the State.

### 1.9.1.1 Homeless Children And Youth

In the table below, provide the number of homeless children and youth by grade level enrolled in public school at any time during the regular school year. The totals will be automatically calculated:

| Age/Grade | \# of Homeless Children/Youth Enrolled in Public School in LEAs Without Subgrants | \# of Homeless Children/Youth Enrolled in Public School in LEAs With Subgrants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten) | 186 | 716 |
| K | 465 | 1,222 |
| 1 | 552 | 1,249 |
| 2 | 501 | 1,207 |
| 3 | 525 | 1,257 |
| 4 | 482 | 1,150 |
| 5 | 484 | 1,117 |
| 6 | 437 | 1,031 |
| 7 | 417 | 985 |
| 8 | 393 | 894 |
| 9 | 407 | 1,009 |
| 10 | 363 | 923 |
| 11 | 376 | 889 |
| 12 | 526 | 1,299 |
| Ungraded |  |  |
| Total | 6,114 | 14,948 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |

### 1.9.1.2 Primary Nighttime Residence of Homeless Children and Youth

In the table below, provide the number of homeless children and youth by primary nighttime residence enrolled in public school at any time during the regular school year. The primary nighttime residence should be the student's nighttime residence when he/she was identified as homeless. The totals will be automatically calculated.

| Primary Nighttime Residence | \# of Homeless Children/Youth - LEAs Without Subgrants | \# of Homeless Children/Youth - LEAs With Subgrants |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shelters, transitional housing | 973 | 1,689 |
| Doubled-up (e.g., living with another family) | 3,932 | 11,627 |
| Unsheltered (e.g., cars, parks, campgrounds, temporary trailer, or abandoned buildings) | 373 | 746 |
| Hotels/Motels | 836 | 886 |
| Total | 6,114 | 14,948 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. It was determined that data reported for SY 15-16 from 2 school districts contained significant over-reporting of numbers of students living in hotels. The $22 \%$ decrease is a result of accurate numbers being reported for SY 16-17. For example, one major metro district reported 316 living in motels/hotels for SY 15-16, which was an over-count; in SY 16-17, they reported 70 students living in motels/hotels. Similarly, another district reported 325 for SY 15-16 and 131 for SY 16-17.
FAQ on reporting homeless students:
When should States use S or STH to report homeless students? The primary nighttime residence of students who are deemed homeless under the awaiting foster care provision should be indicated as " S " for shelters, transitional housing, and awaiting foster care. After a state is no longer permitted to use the awaiting foster care placement designation for students, the primary nighttime residence of students who are in shelters or transitional housing should be coded as "STH". The majority of states may only include children and youth identified as homeless due to their status as awaiting foster care placement if they were identified prior to December 10, 2016. States covered under P.L. 114-95, Section 9105(c) may include children awaiting foster care placement until December 10, 2017. Covered states are those states that have a law that describes or defines the phrase awaiting foster care placement for the purposes of a program under the McKinney-Vento Act.

### 1.9.1.3 Subgroups of Homeless Students Enrolled

In the table below, please provide the following information about the homeless students enrolled during the regular school year.

| Special Population | \# Homeless Children/Youth - LEAs Without <br> Subgrants | \# of Homeless Children/Youth - LEAs With <br> Subgrants |
| :---: | :--- | :--- |
| Unaccompanied homeless youth | 659 | 1,375 |
| Migratory children/youth | 37 | 443 |
| Children with disabilities (IDEA) | 943 | 2,319 |
| Limited English Proficient (LEP) students | 907 | 2,133 |

Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. In 15-16, one major metro district incorrectly identified 2243 (out of 2519 ) as LEP. This inaccurate data issue was addressed and resolved for SY 16-17, when only 201 LEPs were reported. Focused trainings, monitoring, and grantee meetings have improved identification of Unaccompanied Homeless Youth. Colorado has seen an increased number of students identified as unaccompanied since SY0910 , in alignment with national trends.

### 1.9.2 LEAs with McKinney-Vento Subgrants

The following sections collect data on LEAs with McKinney-Vento subgrants.

### 1.9.2.1 Young Homeless Children Served by McKinney-Vento Subgrants

In the table below, provide the number of homeless children and youth by grade level who were served by McKinney-Vento subgrants during the regular school year. The total will be automatically calculated.

| Age/Grade | \# Homeless Children/Youth Served by Subgrants |
| :---: | :--- |
| Age Birth Through 2 | 83 |
| Age 3 through 5 (not Kindergarten) | 751 |
| Total | 834 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |

### 1.9.3 Academic Achievement of Homeless Students

The following questions collect data on the academic achievement of enrolled homeless children and youth.

### 1.9.3.1 Reading Assessment

In the table below, provide the number of enrolled homeless children and youth who were tested on the State reading/language arts assessment and the number and percentage of those tested who scored at or above proficient. Provide data for grades 9 through 12 only for those grades tested for ESEA.

| Grade | LEAs Without Subgrants \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs Without Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs Without Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs With Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With <br> Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 384 | 61 | 15.89 | 799 | 135 | 16.90 |
| 4 | 353 | 61 | 17.28 | 863 | 189 | 21.90 |
| 5 | 374 | 86 | 22.99 | 869 | 194 | 22.32 |
| 6 | 308 | 49 | 15.91 | 622 | 88 | 14.15 |
| 7 | 299 | 62 | 20.74 | 737 | 147 | 19.95 |
| 8 | 241 | 46 | 19.09 | 629 | 129 | 20.51 |
| High School |  | 32 | 14.61 | 522 | 85 | 16.28 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 1.9.3.2 Mathematics Assessment

This section is similar to 1.9.3.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on the State mathematics assessment.

| Grade | LEAs Without Subgrants \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs Without Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs Without Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs With <br> Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 386 | 54 | 13.99 | 806 | 110 | 13.65 |
| 4 | 359 | 39 | 10.86 | 867 | 130 | 14.99 |
| 5 | 379 | 48 | 12.66 | 869 | 94 | 10.82 |
| 6 | 309 | 21 | 6.80 | 629 | 54 | 8.59 |
| 7 | 304 | 24 | 7.89 | 749 | 54 | 7.21 |
| 8 | 244 | 27 | 11.07 | 630 | 60 | 9.52 |
| High School | 222 | 16 | 7.21 | 527 | 58 | 11.01 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

### 1.9.3.3 Science Assessment

This section is similar to 1.9.3.1. The only difference is that this section collects data on the State science assessment.

| Grade | LEAs Without Subgrants \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs Without Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs Without Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Who Received a Valid Score and for Whom a Proficiency Level Was Assigned | LEAs With <br> Subgrants - \# of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient | LEAs With Subgrants - \% of Homeless Students Scoring at or above Proficient |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | 375 | 59 | 15.73 | 871 | 101 | 11.60 |
| 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | 234 | 21 | 8.97 | 607 | 71 | 11.70 |
| High School | 167 | 8 | 4.79 | 445 | 42 | 9.44 |
| Comments: The response is limited to 4,000 characters. Colorado does not administer the science assessment in grades 4,6 or 7 . |  |  |  |  |  |  |

