

Colorado Teacher's Quality Standards

Observable Practices

Standard 1 – Know Content

Element a:

THE TEACHER:

Uses lesson plans that reflect: Opportunities to review prior learning. Instructional objectives appropriate for students. Connections to specific learning objectives and approved curriculum.

Implements lesson plans based on: 🔲 Student needs. 🔲 Colorado Academic Standards. 🔲 District's plan of instruction.

STUDENTS:

□ Interact with the rigorous and challenging content.

Perform at a level consistent with or above expectations.

Discuss strengths and next steps regarding their learning with their teacher(s).

Element b: ALL TEACHERS

THE TEACHER:

Demonstrates an understanding of literacy content and skills.

Makes complex reading accessible to students by:
Adjusting content to students' skill levels.

Integrating literacy skills and knowledge into lessons. Providing relevant content that addresses students' interests.

Provides instructional support that enhances students':

□ Critical thinking and reasoning. □ Information literacy. □ Literacy skill development.

STUDENTS:

Meet or exceed expectations for: Oral communication. Written communication. Critical thinking. Problem-solving skills.

Apply literacy skills to understand complex materials.

Element b: ELEMENTARY TEACHERS - LANGUAGE ARTS AND/OR READING

THE TEACHER:

□ Integrates literacy connections into lessons regardless of the content being taught.

Integrates literacy skills into lessons and assignments across subject areas, including:	
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Phonological awareness.	Phonics.	🗖 Vocabulary.	Comprehension
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□ Fluency. □ Writing. □ Speaking. □ Listening skills.

Engages students in instruction that is: Purposeful. Explicit. Systematic.

Provides literacy instruction that is: 🛛 Needs-based. 🖾 Intensive. 🗔 Of sufficient duration to accelerate learning.

STUDENTS:

Apply literacy skills (reading, writing, speaking, and listening): To new/unfamiliar material. While communicating during unstructured time.

Exceed teacher's expectations for their age, grade, and/or ability levels in: 🗆 Reading. 🗆 Writing. 🗅 Speaking. 🗖 Listening.

Disclaimer: This tool can be used to gather information during observations (formal, informal, and walk-throughs) in conjunction with the Rubric for Evaluating Colorado's Teachers. This tool, by itself, is not to be considered an evaluation.

Element b: SECONDARY TEACHERS – LANGUAGE ARTS AND/OR READING

THE TEACHER:

Teaches and provides opportunities for students to apply literacy skills. Integrates literacy skills into lessons, including:

□ Vocabulary. □ Comprehension. □ Fluency. □ Writing. □ Speaking. □ Listening skills.

Engages students in instruction that is: Purposeful. Explicit. Systematic.

Provides literacy instruction that is: 🗆 Needs-based. 🗖 Intensive. 🗖 Of sufficient duration to accelerate learning.

STUDENTS:

Apply literacy skills (reading, writing, speaking, and listening): To new/unfamiliar material. While communicating during the school day.

Exceed teacher's expectations for students of their age, grade, and/or ability levels in: Reading. Writing. Speaking.

Element c: ALL Teachers

THE TEACHER:

- Encourages students to make math connections across content.
- Emphasizes to students why they need to learn math content and skills.
- Uses instructional strategies that require students to apply and transfer mathematical knowledge to different content areas.
- Emphasizes interdisciplinary connections to math.

STUDENTS:

- □ Share ideas and solutions to challenging problems.
- \Box Use the language of math to talk about what they are doing.
- Interpret mathematical information in ways that make it relevant to their learning.

Element c: ALL TEACHERS RESPONSIBLE FOR TEACHING MATH

THE TEACHER:

Focuses math instruction beyond: Recall of facts. Development of computational skills. Math as a series of rote procedures. Models: Appropriate mathematical communication. A variety of mathematical practices.

Presents concepts: In sequence. In a manner appropriate to students' age and grade.

Helps students understand mathematics as a discipline.

Provides a balance of teaching for conceptual understanding and teaching for procedural fluency.

□ Models mathematical thinking.

Establishes an effective mathematics environment by:
Challenging students to think deeply about the problems.

Requiring students to explain their solutions. Desing questions that stimulate students' curiosity and encourage them to

investigate further. \Box Actively engaging students in doing math. \Box Using real-world examples for problems whenever possible. **STUDENTS:**

Solve problems in a variety of ways.

Demonstrate mathematical thinking by explaining their thinking to each other and to their teacher.

□ Recognize when they make procedural errors and take steps to correct them.

Element d:

THE TEACHER:

- Breaks down concepts into instructional parts and teaches each part using appropriate, effective strategies and/or tools.
- Uses instructional materials that are accurate and appropriate for the lesson being taught.
- Employs a variety of instructional strategies to address student needs.
- Provides explanations of content that are:
 Accurate.
 Clear.
 Concise.
 Comprehensive.

Engages students in: \Box A variety of explanations and multiple representations of concepts and ideas. \Box A variety of inquiry methods to explore new ideas and theories.

STUDENTS:

Develop a variety of explanations and multiple representations of concepts.

Build on the skills and knowledge learned in the classroom to engage in more complex concepts, ideas and theories.

Use a variety of inquiry tools and strategies to:
Learn content.
Understand central concepts.
Answer complex questions.
Problem solve.

Routinely: Choose challenging tasks and instructional materials. Apply newly learned content skills to unique situations and different disciplines. Discuss ideas and content that are intellectually challenging to them.

Element e:

THE TEACHER:

Emphasizes key concepts and connects them to other powerful ideas within the content area.

Connects lessons to other disciplines and/or content areas.

Implements instructional strategies to ensure that instruction: Articulates content and interdisciplinary connections. Integrates literacy skills across content areas.

Clarifies and elaborates on interdisciplinary connections for students.

Employs instructional strategies that include literacy, numeracy, and language development across content areas.

STUDENTS:

□ Make connections between other disciplines and/or content areas and the current lesson.

Apply literacy skills across academic content areas.

Apply math skills across academic content areas

Accelerate their learning by elaborating on current lesson with connections to prior lessons within the content area and/or with other disciplines.

Element f:

THE TEACHER:

Selects instructional materials and strategies based on their: 🗆 Relevance to students. 🗖 Central contexts. 🗖 Foundational evidence base.

Links lessons to students' prior knowledge.

Encourages and provides opportunities for students to make connections to prior learning.

Delivers lessons and units and uses instructional strategies that: \Box Help students connect to their learning by linking the current lesson with prior knowledge, experiences, and/or cultural contexts.

Provide supports that facilitate engagement.

Delivers lessons and uses materials to ensure that students' backgrounds and contextual knowledge are considered.

Provides opportunities for students to self-select tasks that accelerate their learning.

STUDENTS:

- □ Interact with materials that are relevant to them.
- Ask questions and solve problems that are relevant to them.

□ Make connections to prior learning to understand current content.

Select tasks that demonstrate transfer of knowledge to other theories, ideas, and/or content.

Comments:

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