Table B. Student Characteristic: Hearing Impairment,Including Deafness

B Symbol represents accommodations that can be considered as use of Assistive Technology

Accommodation Category	Consider the following accommodations for use in instruction with students who benefit from auditory support for hearing loss, deafness, auditory processing disorder, or developmental language delay*
Presentation Resources: Hands & Voices organization for	 Sign language (student's preferred mode) Face the student during all verbal instruction Write on white board and the face class for instruction Speak clearly with unexaggerated speech; rephrase rather than repeating Develop a signal system for student to nonverbally inform the teacher when difficulties
parents: http://www.handsandvoices.org/pdf/P ARC_2011.pdf Tips for Working with Deaf or Hard of Hearing Students in the Classroom http://www.handsandvoices.org/pdf/ mainst_cal.pdf Explain idioms/multiple meaning words: http://www.readwritethink.org/files/resour ces/interactives/idioms/idiom_1.html	 occur Audio amplification devices: personal hearing aids; cochlear implant; classroom sound field system; personal FM system Encourage student to advocate for own listening and understanding needs Visual cues; picture supported text Written notes, outlines, and instructions; peer notetaker Advanced organizers and outlines of lectures Use natural gestures (e.g., point to materials; acknowledge who is speaking) Allow only one person to speak at a time Repeat questions and responses from classmates; pass FM microphone to speaker Provide notes from classmate (duplicate copy paper/ print whiteboard notes) or teacher notes Use captioned versions of streamed video/film or provide printed script Give oral/sign language interpreter instructional materials in advance Pre-teach academic vocabulary Use expansion techniques to scaffold vocabulary in context and use pictures for multiple meaning words Use visual /picture/sign language online
Using Assistive Listening Devices: http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=M 4IBkdRereE	

	dictionaries, vocabulary flashcards, graphic
	organizers to build vocabulary
	 Show first; then explain
	 Frequently summarize main points and provide
	an outline for guided note taking and
	vocabulary reinforcement
	 Write page numbers, assignments and other
	important information on board prior to
	presentation
	K Access to telecommunication/text messaging/
	video relay
	• Provide content material in accessible text level
	format
	Provide picture-rich background materials to
	link vocabulary to prior knowledge or
	experience
	Maintain cochlear implant / personal hearing
	aids/FM equipment and chart daily use
	Use installed visual warning system for building
	emergencies; buddy check system
	Model acceptance, respect and communication
	techniques
	Provide access to daily school announcements,
	assemblies etc.
	Access to computer audio by inputting FM
	transmitter into auxiliary access port
Deemanaa	 Express response to a scribe or interpreter
Response	 Express response to a scribe or interpreter (sign to voice)
	% Use word processor or portable keyboards
	(text-to-voice programs)
	K Use of word processer with spelling and
	grammar software
	K Word prediction software
	 Use visual organizers
For additional information see CDE	Use graphic organizers
Hearing Disabilities website:	Demonstrate reading comprehension through
http://www.cde.state.co.us/cdesped/S D-Hearing.asp	digital storytelling
D-Healing.asp	