

	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 1												
	I. Numbers and Operations (40%) A. Understands the place value system											
	 Writes numbers using base-10 numerals, number names, and expanded form 											
	 Composes and decomposes multi-digit numbers 											
	Given a digit, identifies the place the digit is in and its value in that place											
	 Recognizes that a digit in one place represents ten times what it represents in the place to its right and one-tenth what it represents in the place to its left, and extends this recognition to several places to the right or left 											
	 Uses whole-number exponents to denote powers of 10 											
	 Rounds multi-digit numbers to any place value 											
	B. Understands operations and properties of rational numbers											
	 Solves multistep mathematical and real- world problems using addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of rational numbers 											
	 a) Identifies different problem situations for the operations (e.g., adding to, taking from, putting together, taking apart, and comparing for subtraction) 											



	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 2												
	 b) Uses the relationship between addition and subtraction and the relationship between multiplication and division to solve problems (e.g., inverse operations) 											
	c) Interprets remainders in division problems											
	 Understands various strategies and algorithms used to perform operations on rational numbers 											
	 Recognizes concepts of rational numbers and their operations 											
	 a) Identifies examples where multiplication does not result in a product greater than both factors and division does not result in a quotient smaller than the dividend 											
	 b) Composes and decomposes fractions, including the use of unit fractions. 											
	 c) Recognizes that the value of a unit fraction decreases as the value of the denominator increases 											
	 d) Recognizes that the same whole must be used when comparing fractions 											
	 Solves problems using the order of operations, including problems involving whole number exponents 											
	 Identifies properties of operations (e.g., commutative, associative, distributive) and uses them to solve problems 											



	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 3												
	6. Represents rational numbers and their operations in different ways											
	 a) Uses, interprets, and explains concrete models or drawings of the addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of rational numbers b) Represents rational numbers and sums and differences of rational numbers on a number line c) Illustrates and explains multiplication and division problems using equations, rectangular arrays, and area models 											
	 Compares, classifies, and orders rational numbers 											
	 Converts between fractions, decimals, and percents 											
	C. Understands proportional relationships and percents											
	 Applies the concepts of ratios and unit rates to describe relationships between two quantities 											
	2. Understands percent as a rate per 100											
ľ	3. Solves unit-rate problems											
-	4. Uses proportional relationships to solve ratio and percent problems											
	D. Knows how to use basic concepts of number theory											



	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 4												
	 Identifies and uses prime and composite numbers 											
	2. Finds factors and multiples of numbers											
	E. Knows a variety of strategies to determine the reasonableness of results											
	 Recognizes the reasonableness of results within the context of a given problem 											
	 Uses mental math, estimation, and rounding strategies to solve problems and determine reasonableness of results 											
-	II. Algebraic Thinking (30%) A. Knows how to evaluate and manipulate algebraic expressions, equations, and formulas											
-	1. Differentiates between algebraic expressions and equations											
	 Adds and subtracts linear algebraic expressions 											
	 Uses the distributive property to generate equivalent linear algebraic expressions 											
	 Evaluates simple algebraic expressions (i.e., one variable, binomial) for given values of variables 											
	 Uses mathematical terms to identify parts of expressions and describe expressions 											
	 Translates between verbal statements and algebraic expressions or equations (e.g., the phrase "the number of cookies Joe has is equal to twice the number of cookies 											
	Sue has" can be represented by the equation $j = 2s$)											



Test Content Categories	s	Required Course Numbers										
Page 5												
7. Uses formulas to deter quantities												
8. Differentiates between independent variables	in formulas											
B. Understands the meaning to linear equations and inequ												
1. Solves multistep one-v equations and inequal	variable linear ities											
2. Interprets solutions of variable linear equatio (e.g., graphs the soluti states constraints on a	ns and inequalities on on a number line,											
 Uses linear relationshi equations, tables, and problems 	graphs to solve											
C. Knows how to recognize a patterns (e.g., number, shap												
1. Identifies, extends, des number and shape par	scribes, or generates											
2. Makes conjectures, pr generalizations based	on patterns											
 Identifies relationships corresponding terms o patterns (e.g., find a ru table) 	f two numerical lle for a function											
III. Geometry and Measure Statistics, and Probability A. Understands how to class three-dimensional figures	(30%) sify one-, two-, and											
1. Uses definitions to ide segments, parallel line lines												



Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 6											
2. Classifies angles based on their measure											
 Composes and decomposes two- and three-dimensional shapes 											
 Uses attributes to classify or draw polygons and solids 											
B. Knows how to solve problems involving perimeter, area, surface area, and volume											
1. Represents three-dimensional figures with nets											
 Uses nets that are made of rectangles and triangles to determine the surface area of three-dimensional figures 											
 Finds the area and perimeter of polygons, including those with fractional side lengths 											
 Finds the volume and surface area of right rectangular prisms, including those with fractional edge lengths 											
 Determines how changes to dimensions change area and volume 											
C. Knows the components of the coordinate plane and how to graph ordered pairs on the plane											
 Identifies the x-axis, the y-axis, the origin, and the four quadrants in the coordinate plane 											
 Solves problems by plotting points and drawing polygons in the coordinate plane 											
D. Knows how to solve problems involving measurement											
 Solves problems involving elapsed time, money, length, volume, and mass 											



	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 7												
	 Measures and compares lengths of objects using standard tools 											
	 Knows relative sizes of United States customary units and metric units 											
	 Converts units within both the United States customary system and the metric system 											
	E. Is familiar with basic statistical concepts											
·	1. Identifies statistical questions											
	2. Solves problems involving measures of center (mean, median, mode) and range											
	 Recognizes which measure of center best describes a set of data 											
	 Determines how changes in data affect measures of center or range 											
	 Describes a set of data (e.g., overall patterns, outliers) 											
	F. Knows how to represent and interpret data presented in various forms											
	 Interprets various displays of data (e.g., box plots, histograms, scatterplots) 											
	 Identifies, constructs, and completes graphs that correctly represent given data (e.g., circle graphs, bar graphs, line graphs, histograms, scatterplots, double bar graphs, double line graphs, box plots, and line plots/dot plots) 											
	 Chooses appropriate graphs to display data 											



	Test Content Categories	Required Course Numbers										
Page 8	-											
	G. Is familiar with how to interpret the probability of events											
	 Interprets probabilities relative to likelihood of occurrence 											